

The Weekly Petroleum Status Report (WPSR) provides timely information on the petroleum supply situation in the context of historical information, selected prices, and forecasts. The WPSR is intended to provide up-to-date information to the industry, the press, planners, policymakers, consumers, analysts, and State and local governments. It is published each Thursday by the Energy Information Administration. The data contained in this report are based on company submissions for the week ending 7 a.m. the preceding Friday.

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Questions on energy statistics should be addressed to the NEIC. Addresses and telephone numbers appear below.

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CONTENTS

HIGHLIGHTS

Refinery Activity

Crude oil input to refineries averaged 11.4 million barrels per day for the four weeks ending March 29, 1985. Refinery capacity utilization averaged 74.9 percent during the period. During the four weeks ending March 29, 1985, motor gasoline production averaged 5.9 million barrels per day and distillate fuel oil production averaged 2.2 million barrels per day.

Stocks

On March 29, 1985, stocks of crude oil (excluding the Strategic Petroleum Reserve) stood at 334.5 million barrels, about 1 percent below the level one year ago. Stocks of total motor gasoline, at 217.7 million barrels, were about 10 percent below the level one year ago. Distillate fuel oil stocks stood at 98.5 million barrels, about 12 percent below the level one year ago. Stocks of residual fuel oil stood at 45.7 million barrels, about 6 percent below the level one year ago.

Imports

Net imports of crude oil (including imports for the Strategic Petroleum Reserve) and petroleum products together averaged 3.9 million barrels per day for the four weeks ending March 29, 1985, about 13 percent below the average a year ago. Gross imports of crude oil (excluding the Strategic Petroleum Reserve) averaged 3.1 million barrels per day for the four-week period ending March 29, 1985.

Products Supplied

Total petroleum products supplied averaged 15.6 million barrels per day for the four-week period ending March 29, 1985, which is about 2 percent below the rate supplied a year ago. Motor gasoline was supplied at a rate of 6.5 million barrels per day, which is about the same as the rate supplied a year ago. Distillate fuel oil was supplied at a rate of 3.2 million barrels per day, about 2 percent below the rate supplied a year ago.

World Crude Oil Price

The estimated weighted-average international price of crude oil as of April 2, 1985, remains \$27.94 a barrel.

Spot Market Product Prices

For the week ending March 29, 1985, the average spot market price of 98 octane gasoline on the Rotterdam market increased 11 cents to \$30.59 a barrel; the gasoil price increased 40 cents to \$32.50 a barrel, and the price of residual fuel oil increased 68 cents to \$25.30 a barrel.

On the New York market, the average spot price of 89 octane regular gasoline increased 11 cents to \$33.71 a barrel; the price of No. 2 heating oil decreased 42 cents to \$35.39 a barrel, and the price of residual fuel oil decreased 25 cents to \$26.75 a barrel.

Crude O11 Supply	Detroloum Supply		Averages	Danasak	Daily	lative Averages	n 1
(1) Demestic Production'	Petroleum Supply (Thousand Barrels per Day)			Percent Change			Percent Change
(1) Demestic Production'	Crude Oil Supply		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		· <u> </u>	**************************************	
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(5) Exports (6) SPR Stocks Withdrawn (+) or Added (-) -62 -147 126 -139 (7) Other Stocks Withdrawn (+) or Added (-) -62 -147 126 -139 (7) Other Stocks Withdrawn (+) or Added (-) -514 145 43 87 (8) Products Supplied and Losses -66 -64 E-67 -65 (9) Unaccounted-for Crude 182 65 119 332 (10) Crude Oil Input to Refineries 11,434 11,936 -4.2 11,454 11,864 Other Supply (11) NGL Production 11,434 11,936 -4.2 11,454 11,864 Other Supply (12) Other Hydrocarbon Input and Alcohol Input E37 48 -24.0 E37 47 -2 (13) Crude Oil Product Supplied E67 62 7.3 E66 64 (14) Processing Gain 543 546 -0.5 515 540 -6 (15) Net Product Imports 3 884 1,193 -25.9 915 1,803 -6 (15) Net Product Imports 3 1,608 1,798 -10.6 1,613 2,275 -1 (17) Product Exports (17) Product Exports (18) Product Supplied or Domestic Use 15,642 16,017 -2.3 15,748 16,060 -Product Supplied (20) Motor Gasoline 6,541 6,512 0.4 6,378 6,335 (21) Naphtha-type Jet Fuel 97 205 -2.9 206 198 (22) Naphtha-type Jet Fuel 98 205 -2.9 206 198 (22) N	(3) Gross Imports (Excluding SPR)						-13.2
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Naphtha-type Jet Fuel 6.2 5.6 6.7 12.4 -6. Kerosene-type Jet Fuel 36.1 35.9 33.8 0.7 6. Distillate Fuel Oil 98.5 103.8 111.8 -5.1 -11. Residual Fuel Oil 45.7 46.6 48.6 -2.0 -6. Unfinished_Oils 102.3 103.0 115.1 -0.6 -11. Other Oils E148.3 E148.4 159.8 -0.1 -7. Total Stocks (Excluding SPR) 989.4 993.4 1,054.6 -0.4 -6.	Blending Components		35.0			0.2	-13.4
Distillate Fuel Oil 98.5 103.8 111.8 -5.1 -11. Residual Fuel Oil 45.7 46.6 48.6 -2.0 -6. Unfinished_Oils 102.3 103.0 115.1 -0.6 -11. Other Oils E148.3 E148.4 159.8 -0.1 -7. Total Stocks (Excluding SPR) 989.4 993.4 1,054.6 -0.4 -6.	Naphtha-type Jet Fuel						-6.3
Residual Fuel 011 45.7 46.6 48.6 -2.0 -6. Unfinished_0ils 102.3 103.0 115.1 -0.6 -11. Other 0ils E148.3 E148.4 159.8 -0.1 -7. Total Stocks (Excluding SPR) 989.4 993.4 1,054.6 -0.4 -6.							6.8
Unfinished_0ils 102.3 103.0 115.1 -0.6 -11. Other Oils E148.3 E148.4 159.8 -0.1 -7. Total Stocks (Excluding SPR) 989.4 993.4 1,054.6 -0.4 -6.							-11.9
Other Oils' E148.3 E148.4 159.8 -0.1 -7. Total Stocks (Excluding SPR) 989.4 993.4 1,054.6 -0.4 -6.							
Total Stocks (Excluding SPR) 989.4 993.4 1,054.6 -0.4 -6.	Other Oils						-7.2
							17.9
							0.3

E=Estimate based on monthly data.

1 Includes lease condensate.

Note: Due to independent rounding, individual product detail may not add to total. The percentages shown are calculated using unrounded numbers.

² Net Imports = Gross Imports (line 3) + SPR Imports (line 4) - Exports (line 5).

³ Includes finished petroleum products, unfinished oils, gasoline blending components, and natural gas plant

⁴ Includes an estimate of minor product stock change based on monthly data. 5 Includes crude oil product supplied, natural gas liquids, liquefied refinery gases, other liquids, and all finished petroleum products except motor gasoline, jet fuels, and distillate and residual fuel oils.

⁶ Includes crude oil in transit to refineries. 7 included are stocks of all other oils such as aviation gasoline, kerosene, natural gas liquids fincluding ethane), aviation gasoline blending components, naphtha and other oils for petrochemical feedstock use, special naphthas, lube oils, wax, coke, asphalt, road oil, and miscellaneous oils. For the current two weeks, stocks of these minor products are estimated from monthly data. (See Glossary: Stock Change (Refined Products)).

Source: o 1984-1985 Monthly Data: EIA, "Petroleum Supply Monthly."

o 1985 Four-Week Averages: Estimates based on EIA weekly data.

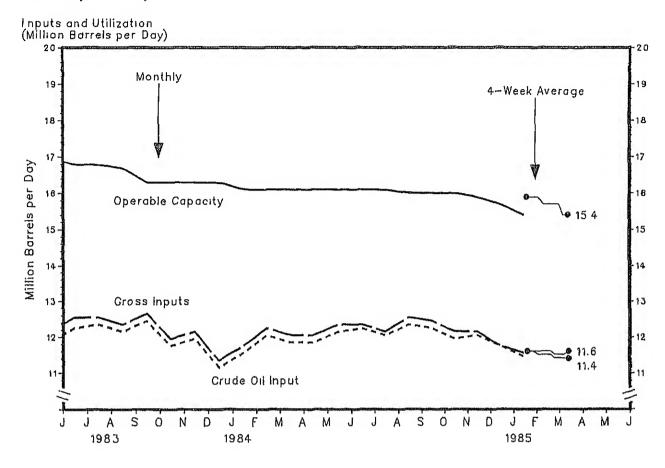
Inputs and Utilization

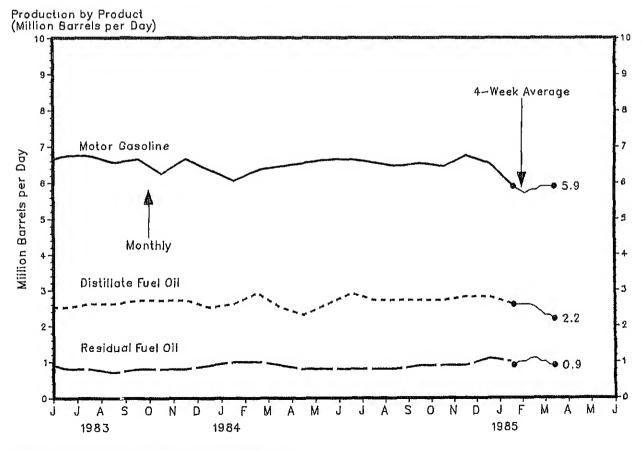
Year/Element	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Ju1	Aug	Sep	0ct	Nov	Dec
1983 Crude Oil Input Gross Inputs Operable Capacity Percentage Utilization ¹	11.1 11.5 16.9 68.0	10.6 11.0 16.9 65.1	10.9 11.1 16.9 66.0	11.4 11.7 16.9 69.6	11.8 12.1 16.9 71.6	12.3 12.6 16.8 74.9	12.4 12.6 16.8 74.9	12.2 12.4 16.7 73.8	12.5 12.7 16.3 78.1	11.8 12.0 16.3 73.4	12.0 12.2 16.3 74.8	11.2 11.4 16.3 69.9
1984 Crude Oil Input Cross Inputs Operable Capacity Percentage Utilization	11.6 11.8 16.1 72.9	12.1 12.3 16.1 76.1	11.9 12.1 16.1 75.0	11.9 12.1 16.1 74.8	12.2 12.4 16.1 77.2	12.3 12.4 16.1 77.1	12.1 12.2 16.1 76.0	12.4 12.6 16.0 78.4	12.3 12.5 16.0 78.4	12.0 12.2 16.0 76.0	12.1 12.2 15.9 77.1	11.8 11.9 15.7 75.9
1985 Crude Oil Inputs Gross Inputs Operable Capacity Percentage Utilization ¹	11.5 11.6 15.4 75.1											
Average for Four-Week Period 1985	Ending: 02/01	02/08	02/15	02/22	03/01	03/08	03/15	03/22	03/29			
Crude Oil Input Gross Inputs Operable Capacity Percentage Utilization ¹	11.6 11.6 E15.9 73.4	11.6 11.6 E15.9 73.4	11.5 11.6 E15.9 73.3	11.5 11.6 E15.7 73.9	11.5 11.6 E15.7 73.6	11.4 11.5 E15.7 73.3	11.4 11.5 E15.7 73.2	11.4 11.5 E15.4 74.6	11.4 11.6 E15.4 74.9			
Production by Product												
Year/Product	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	0ct	Nov	Dec
1983 Motor Casoline Jet Fuel Distillate Fuel Oil Residual Fuel Oil	6.1 1.0 2.3 1.0	5.8 1.0 2.1 0.9	5.9 1.0 2.0 0.8	6.2 1.0 2.2 0.9	6.4 1.0 2.4 0.9	6.7 1.0 2.5 0.8	6.7 1.0 2.6 0.8	6.5 1.0 2.6 0.7	6.6 1.1 2.7 0.8	6.2 1.0 2.7 0.8	6.6 1.1 2.7 0.8	6.3 0.9 2.5 0.9
1984 Motor Gasoline Jet Fuel Distillate Fuel Oil Residual Fuel Oil	6.0 1.0 2.6 1.0	6.3 1.1 2.9 1.0	6.4 1.1 2.5 0.9	6.5 1.1 2.3 0.8	6.6 1.1 2.6 0.8	6.6 1.1 2.9 0.8	6.5 1.2 2.7 0.8	6.4 1.2 2.7 0.8	6.5 1.2 2.7 0.9	6.4 1.2 2.7 0.9	6.7 1.1 2.8 0.9	6.5 1.1 2.8 1.1
1985 Motor Casoline Jet Fuel Distillate Fuel Oil Residual Fuel Oil	5.9 1.1 2.6 1.0											
Average for Four-Week Period 1985		02/08	02/15	02/22	03/01	03/08	03/15	03/22	03/29			
Motor Gasoline Jet Fuel Distillate Fuel Oil Residual Fuel Oil	5.9 1.1 2.6 0.9	5.8 1.2 2.6 1.0	5.7 1.1 2.6 1.0	5.8 1.2 2.6 1.1	5.8 1.2 2.5 1.1	5.9 1.1 2.4 1.0	5.9 1.2 2.3 1.0	5,9 1,2 2,3 0,9	5.9 1.2 2.2 0.9			

E=Estimate based on most recent monthly data.

1 Percentage utilization is calculated as four-week average gross inputs divided by the latest reported monthly operable capacity. See Glossary. Percentages are calculated using unrounded numbers. Note: Production statistics represent net production (i.e., refinery output minus refinery input). Source: See Sources Section of this publication.

Refinery Activity





Source See Sources Section of this publication.

Year/Product	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
1983 Crude Oil ² Motor Gasoline Finished Gasoline Blending Components Jet Fuel Distillate Fuel Oil Residual Fuel Oil Unfinished Oils Other Oils Total (Excl. SPR) Crude Oil in SPR Total (Incl. SPR)	300.6	363.3 250.2 206.5 43.8 39.4 148.2 53.3 108.7 161.0 1,124.1 306.1 1,430.3	311.8	317.7	223.1 185.3 37.8 41.1 108.9 51.0 113.1 176.9 1,066.7 326.8	332.5	340.7	351.8	361.0	367.2	371.3	379.1
1984 Crude Oil ² Motor Gasoline Finished Casoline Blending Components Jet Fuel Distillate Fuel Oil Residual Fuel Oil Unfinished ₃ Oils Other Oils Total (Excl. SPR) Crude Oil in SPR Total (Incl. SPR)	384.4	340.2 237.1 196.6 40.5 39.0 132.2 57.6 109.6 1,076.7 387.2 1,463.9	391.8	396.9	404.5	413.7	423.9	429.5	431.1	438.2	443.0	450.5
1985 Crude Oil ² Motor Gasoline Finished Gasoline Blending Components Jet Fuel Distillate Fuel Oil Residual Fuel Oil Unfinished3Oils Other Oils Total (Excl. SPR) Crude Oil in SPR Total (Incl. SPR)	336.1 234.0 197.8 36.2 41.0 141.8 46.8 1052.3 1,052.4 457.4 1,509.8											
Week Ending: 1985	02/01	02/08	02/15	02/22	03/01	03/08	03/15	03/22	03/29			
Crude Oil ² Motor Gasoline Finished Gasoline Blending Components Jet Fuel Distillate Fuel Oil Residual Fuel Oil Unfinished ₃ Oils Other Oils Total (Excl. SPR) Crude Oil in SPR Total (Incl. SPR)	457.2	327.2 230.0 194.2 35.8 41.6 139.2 46.1 95.3 E149.3 1,028.7 457.8 1,486.5	458.1	458.8	1,003.9	460.1	328.7 220.4 184.5 35.9 42.3 110.0 45.4 99.1 E152.8 998.7 460.4 1,459.1		334.5 217.7 182.6 35.1 42.3 98.5 45.7 102.3 E148.3 989.4 461.3 1,450.6			

E≔Estimated. See Glossary for definition of "Stock Change (Refined Products)" for explanation of other oils

Source: See Sources Section of this publication.

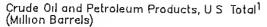
¹ Product stocks include those stocks held at refineries, in pipelines, and at major bulk terminals. Stocks held at natural gas processing plants are included in "Other Oils" and in totals. All stock levels are as of the end of the period.

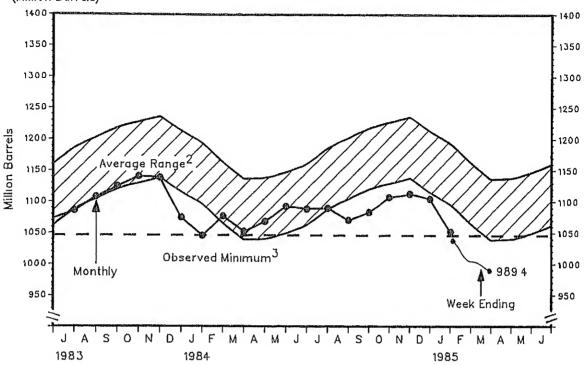
² Crude oil stocks include those stocks held at refineries, in pipelines, in lease tanks, and in transit to refineries, and do not include those held in the Strategic Petroleum Reserve.

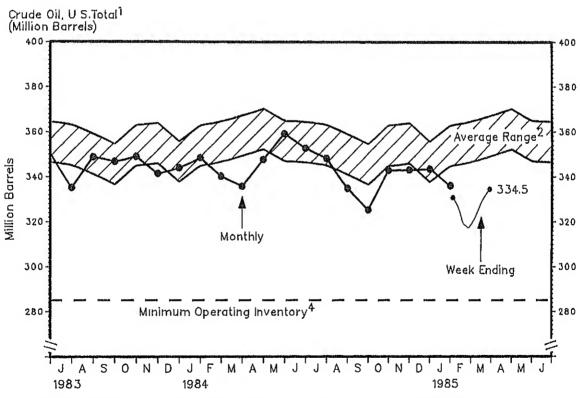
3 Included are stocks of all other oils such as aviation gasoline, kerosene, natural gas liquids (including ethane), aviation gasoline blending components, naphtha and other oils for petrochemical feedstock use, special naphthas, lube oils, wax, coke, asphalt, road oil, and miscellaneous oils.

Note: Data may not add to total due to independent rounding.

Source: See Sources Section of this publication







1 Excludes stocks held in the Strategic Petroleum Reserve and includes crude oil in transit to refineries.

2 Average level, width of average range, and observed minimum are based on three years of monthly data: July 1981—June 1984. The seasonal pattern is based on seven years of monthly data. See Appendix B for further explanation.

3 The observed minimum for total stocks in the last three—year period, July 1981—June 1984, was 1045.6 million barrels. It occurred in January 1984. See Appendix B for further explanation.

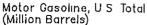
4 The National Petroleum Council (NPC) defines the Minimum Operating Inventory as the

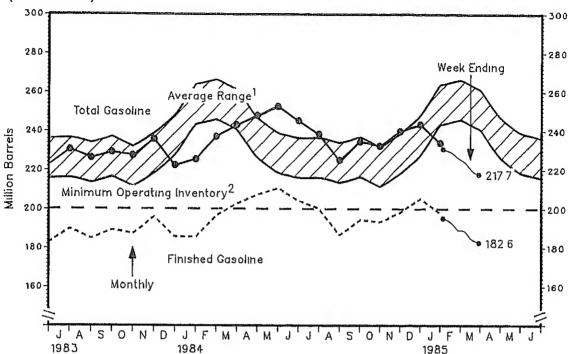
inventory level below which operating problems and shortages would begin to appear in a defined distribution system. In its 1983 study, the NPC estimated this inventory level for crude oil to be 285 million barrels. See Appendix B for further explanation. Source: See Sources Section of this publication.

STOCKS OF MOTOR GASOLINE BY PETROLEUM ADMINISTRATION FOR DEFENSE DISTRICT (Million Barrels)

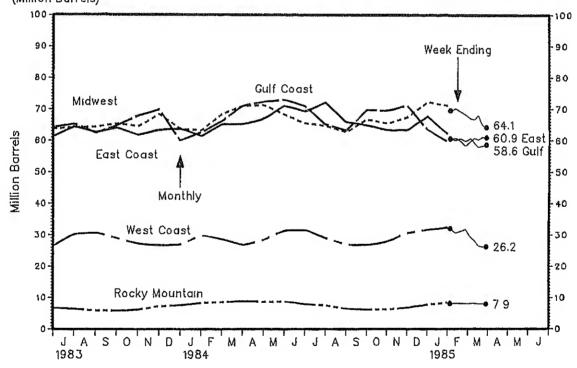
Year/District	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Ju1	Aug	Sep	0ct	Nov	Dec
1983 Finished Gasoline Blending Components Total Gasoline East Coast (PADD 1) Midwest (PADD 2) Gulf Coast (PADD 3) Rocky Mountain (PADD 4) West Coast (PADD 5)	207.2 42.5 249.7 70.2 75.2 63.9 9.4 31.0	206.5 43.8 250.2 66.0 77.4 65.5 9.4 31.9	182.7 40.4 223.0 55.3 68.3 65.4 8.3 25.8	182.8 37.9 220.7 60.8 65.3 62.6 7.9 24.1	185.3 37.8 223.1 63.1 63.7 63.9 7.4 25.0	182.8 39.7 222.6 61.3 63.7 64.2 6.7 26.6	189.8 40.7 230.5 64.4 64.2 65.3 6.4 30.3	184.8 41.5 226.3 62.6 64.4 62.4 5.9 30.8	189.3 39.8 229.1 64.1 65.4 64.8 5.9 28.9	187.1 40.3 227.4 61.7 64.4 67.9 6.3 27.1	196.0 39.8 235.8 63.5 68.4 69.9 7.4 26.6	185.5 36.9 222.4 63.8 63.7 60.1 7.7 27.0
1984 Finished Gasoline Blending Components Total Gasoline East Coast (PADD 1) Midwest (PADD 2) Gulf Coast (PADD 3) Rocky Mountain (PADD 4) West Coast (PADD 5)	185.5 39.9 225.5 61.4 63.2 62.6 8.4 29.9	196.6 40.5 237.1 65.2 68.4 66.2 8.7 28.6	202.8 40.5 243.2 65.2 71.1 71.1 9.0 26.8	207.4 40.6 248.0 66.9 71.4 72.5 8.7 28.5	210.7 42.1 252.7 71.1 68.3 73.0 8.8 31.5	204.1 41.3 245.4 69.3 65.5 71.0 7.9 31.7	200.1 38.4 238.5 72.2 64.7 65.2 7.5 29.0	186.6 38.5 225.1 66.0 62.7 63.2 6.4 26.9	194.5 40.1 234.6 64.9 66.9 69.8 6.2 26.8	193.2 39.4 232.5 63.3 65.5 69.6 6.3 27.9	198.4 41.6 240.0 63.5 67.5 71.3 7.0 30.7	205.4 38.1 243.5 67.8 72.4 63.6 7.9 31.8
1985 Finished Gasoline Blending Components Total Gasoline East Coast (PADD 1) Midwest (PADD 2) Gulf Coast (PADD 3) Rocky Mountain (PADD 4) West Coast (PADD 5)	197.8 36.2 234.0 62.3 71.1 59.7 8.5 32.5											
Week Ending: 1985	02/01	02/08_	02/15	02/22	03/01	03/08	03/15	03/22	03/29	****		
Finished Gasoline Blending Components Total Gasoline East Coast (PADD 1) Midwest (PADD 2) Culf Coast (PADD 3) Rocky Mountain (PADD 4) West Coast (PADD 5)	195.1 35.6 230.7 60.6 69.5 60.5 8.1 32.0	194.2 35.8 230.0 60.9 70.2 60.0 8.3 30.7	192.0 36.5 228.5 59.9 69.1 60.6 8.0 31.0	189.1 36.9 226.1 58.3 68.3 59.7 8.0 31.8	188.9 35.9 224.8 59.7 66.8 60.7 8.2 29.3	187.5 35.5 223.0 60.7 66.7 59.2 8.2 28.3	184.5 35.9 220.4 60.2 68.0 57.9 7.8 26.6	183.5 35.0 218.5 61.1 65.0 58.2 8.1 26.2	182.6 35.1 217.7 60.9 64.1 58.6 7.9 26.2			

Note: PAD District data may not add to total due to independent rounding. Source: See Sources Section of this publication.





Motor Gasoline by Petroleum Administration for Defense District (Million Barrels)



1 Average level, width of average range, and observed minimum are based on three years of

monthly data: July 1981—June 1984. The seasonal pattern is based on six years of monthly data. See Appendix B for further explanation.

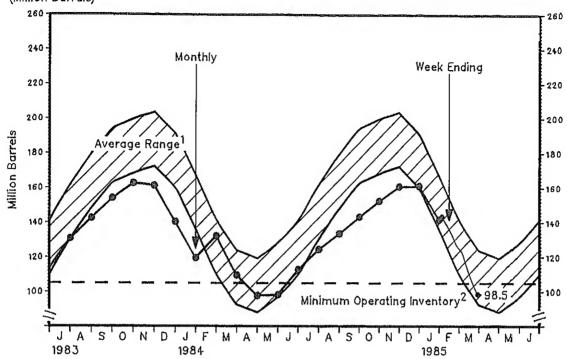
2 The National Petroleum Council (NPC) defines the Minimum Operating Inventory as the inventory level below which operating problems and shortages would begin to appear in a defined distribution system. In its 1983 study, the NPC estimated this inventory level for total motor gasoline to be 200 million barrels. See Appendix B for further explanation. Source: See Sources Section of this publication.

STOCKS OF DISTILLATE FUEL DIL BY PETROLEUM ADMINISTRATION FOR DEFENSE DISTRICT (Million Barrels)

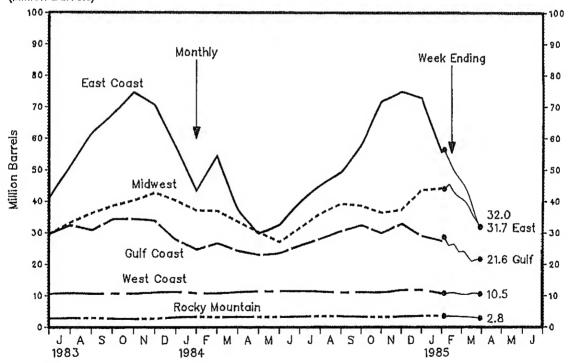
Year/District	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	0ct	Nov	Dec
1983 Total U.S. East Coast(PADD 1) Midwest(PADD 2) Gulf Coast(PADD 3) Rocky Mountain(PADD 4) West Coast(PADD 5)	167.6 71.1 47.1 31.2 4.1 14.0	148.2 55.5 46.5 28.9 4.0 13.4	118.1 38.0 39.0 26.7 3.3 11.1	103.1 31.8 33.2 26.0 2.8 9.3	108.9 36.9 30.4 28.7 2.9 9.9	113.7 41.0 29.6 29.7 2.8 10.6	130.7 50.9 33.3 32.4 3.0 11.0	142.4 61.7 36.3 30.8 3.0 10.6	154.0 67.5 38.6 34.4 2.7 10.8	162.6 74.6 40.3 34.4 2.6 10.7	161.2 70.7 42.8 33.8 2.8 11.2	140.3 57.7 40.2 27.8 3.3 11.3
1984 Total U.S. East Coast(PADD 1) Midwest(PADD 2) Gulf Coast(PADD 3) Rocky Mountain(PADD 4) West Coast(PADD 5)	119.5 43.4 37.1 24.7 3.4 10.8	132.2 54.4 37.0 26.8 3.2 10.8	109.6 37.3 33.5 24.2 3.4 11.3	97.8 29.8 30.2 23.0 3.3 11.5	98.2 32.5 27.1 23.6 3.4 11.5	112.9 39.9 31.7 26.1 3.5 11.6	124.5 45.3 36.2 28.2 3.6 11.3	133.5 49.2 39.3 30.6 3.5 11.0	143.2 57.5 38.6 32.5 3.3 11.2	152.4 71.8 36.4 29.9 3.2 11.0	160.8 74.9 37.5 33.0 3.5 11.9	161.1 72.8 43.7 29.0 3.7 11.9
1985 Total U.S. East Coast(PADD 1) Midwest(PADD 2) Gulf Coast(PADD 3) Rocky Mountain(PADD 4) West Coast(PADD 5)	141.8 55.6 44.3 27.4 3.7 10.7											
Week Ending: 1985	02/01	02/08	02/15	02/22	03/01	03/08	03/15	03/22	03/29			
Total U.S. East Coast(PADD 1) Midwest(PADD 2) Gulf Coast(PADD 3) Rocky Mountain(PADD 4) West Coast(PADD 5)	143.4 56.5 44.0 28.6 3.5 10.8	139.2 53.2 45.5 26.0 3.6 10.9	133.6 49.7 42.9 26.5 3.4 11.1	126.4 47.3 41.3 24.0 3.4 10.4	123.7 45.4 40.4 24.1 3.2 10.5	117.6 42.7 38.8 22.5 3.2 10.3	110,0 39,0 36,1 20,9 3,0 10,9	103.8 34.7 34.0 21.5 2.9 10.8	98.5 31.7 32.0 21.6 2.8 10.5			

Note: PAD District data may not add to total due to rounding. Source: See Sources Section of this publication.

Distillate Fuel Oil, U.S. Total (Million Barrels)



Distillate Fuel Oil by Petroleum Administration for Defense District (Million Barrels)



1 Average level, width of average range, and observed minimum are based on three years of monthly data; July 1981—June 1984. The seasonal pattern is based on seven years of monthly data. See Appendix B for further explanation.

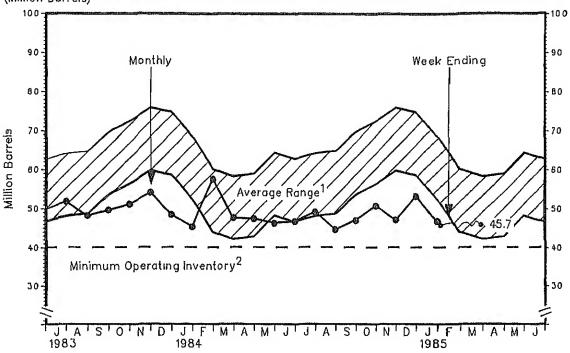
2 The National Petroleum Council (NPC) defines the Minimum Operating Inventory as the inventory level below which operating problems and shortages would begin to appear in a defined distribution system. In its 1983 study, the NPC estimated this inventory level for distillate fuel oil to be 105 million barrels. See Appendix B for further explanation. Source: See Sources Section of this publication.

STOCKS OF RESIDUAL FUEL OIL BY PETROLEUM ADMINISTRATION FOR DEFENSE DISTRICT ($Million\ Barrels$)

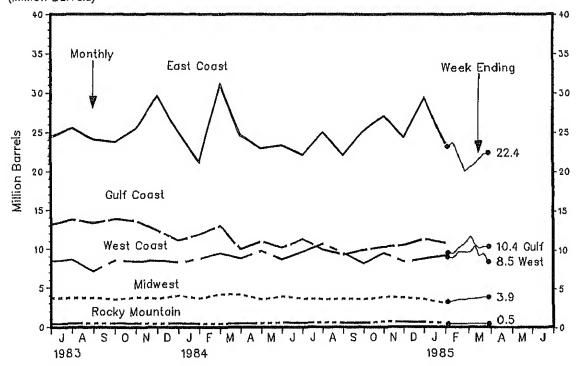
Year/District	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
1983 Total U.S. East Coast(PADD 1) Midwest(PADD 2) Gulf Coast(PADD 3) Rocky Mountain(PADD 4) West Coast(PADD 5)	60.5 29.8 5.0 16.2 0.5 8.9	53.3 25.3 4.4 14.0 0.4 9.1	46.3 20.6 3.6 12.8 0.4 8.9	46.6 20.2 3.4 13.4 0.5 9.0	51.0 23.8 3.5 14.5 0.5 8.5	49.9 24.2 3.7 13.1 0.4 8.4	51.9 25.3 3.7 13.7 0.5 8.6	48.3 23.8 3.7 13.2 0.5 7.1	49.7 23.5 3.5 13.8 0.5 8.5	51.2 25.2 3.8 13.5 0.5 8.3	54.2 29.3 3.6 12.3 0.4 8.5	48.5 24.8 4.0 11.0 0.5 8.2
1984 Total U.S. East Coast(PADD 1) Midwest(PADD 2) Gulf Coast(PADD 3) Rocky Mountain(PADD 4) West Coast(PADD 5)	45.4 21.0 3.6 11.8 0.4 8.7	57.6 30.8 4.2 12.9 0.4 9.4	47.6 24.4 4.1 9.9 0.5 8.7	47.4 22.7 3.5 10.9 0.5 9.7	46.3 23.1 3.9 10.1 0.6 8.6	46.8 21.9 3.6 11.2 0.5 9.6	49.2 24.7 3.5 9.8 0.6 10.6	44.7 21.9 3.6 9.2 0.5 9.4	47.0 25.0 3.5 9.8 0.5 8.1	50.8 26.8 3.8 10.2 0.7 9.4	47.2 24.2 3.7 10.4 0.6 8.3	53.2 29.1 3.5 11.2 0.6 8.7
1985 Total U.S. East Coast(PADD 1) Midwest(PADD 2) Gulf Coast(PADD 3) Rocky Mountain(PADD 4) West Coast(PADD 5)	46.8 23.4 3.0 10.7 0.5 9.1											1
Week Ending: 1985	02/01	02/08	02/15	02/22	03/01	03/08	03/15	03/22	03/29			
Total U.S. East Coast(PADD 1) Midwest(PADD 2) Gulf Coast(PADD 3) Rocky Mountain(PADD 4) West Coast(PADD 5)	45.6 23.2 3.3 9.6 0.5 9.1	46.1 23.7 3.4 9.5 0.5 9.0	46.3 22.1 3.6 10.3 0.5 9.8	44.9 20.1 3.6 10.8 0.5 9.8	46.2 20.6 3.7 11.7 0.5 9.7	46.3 21.0 3.7 10.6 0.5 10.5	45.4 21.6 3.8 10.2 0.5 9.3	46.6 22.2 3.9 10.4 0.5 9.6	45.7 22.4 3.9 10.4 0.5 8.5			

Note: PAD District data may not add to total due to rounding. Source: See Sources Section of this publication.

Residual fuel Oil, U.S. Total (Million Barrels)



Residual Fuel Oil by Petroleum Administration for Defense District (Million Barrels)



1 Average level, width of average range, and observed minimum are based on three years of monthly data: July 1981—June 1984. The seasonal pattern is based on seven years of monthly data. See Appendix B for further explanation
2 The National Petroleum Council (NPC) defines the Minimum Operating Inventory as the

2 The National Petroleum Council (NPC) defines the Minimum Operating Inventory as the inventory level below which operating problems and shortages would begin to appear in a defined distribution system. In its 1983 study, the NPC estimated this inventory level for residual fuel oil to be 40 million barrels. See Appendix B for further explanation.

Source: See Sources Section of this publication.

Year/Product												
	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Ju1	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
1983											· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Crude Oil (Excl. SPR)	2.7	2.1	2.1	2.9	3.1	3.4	3.6	3.9	3.9	3.2	3.2	3.0
SPR	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.2	0.3	0.4	0.3	0.2	0.2	0.2
Refined Products	1.5	1.5	1.4	1.6	1.7	1.7	1.9	1.9	1.9	1.8	1.9	1.8
Gross Imports, (Incl. SPR)	4.4	3.7	3.7	4.7	5.1	5.3	5.7	6.2	6.1	5.3	5.2	5.0
Total Exports'	1.0	0.9	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.6	0.7	0.7	0.6 4.7	0.7 4.5	0.0
Net Imports (Incl. SPR)	3.5	2.9	2.9	3.9	4.2	4.6	5.2	5.5	5.4	4 • 7	4.5	4.
1984 Crudo Odl (Evol. 500)	2 0	2.9	3.3	3.2	3.7	3.1	3.3	3.1	3.2	3.6	3.3	2.5
Crude Oil (Excl. SPR) SPR	2.8 0.2	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.2	0.1	0.2	0.2	ō.:
Refined Products	2.3	2.7	1.8	1.9	2.0	1.9	1.7	1.8	1.9	2.0	2.0	1.
Gross Imports (Incl. SPR)	5.3	5.6	5.3	5.3	5.9	5.3	5.4	5:0	5.2	5.8	5.5	4.
Total Exports	0.6	0.6	0.8	0.7	0.8	0.9	0.5	0.7	0.7	0.6	0.9	1.
Net Imports (Incl. SPR)	4.8	5.1	4,4	4.7	5.2	4.4	4.9	4.3	4.5	5.2	4.7	3.
1985												
Crude Oil (Excl. SPR)	2.5											
SPR Refined Products	0.2 1.7											
Gross imports (incl. SPR)	4.4											
Total Exports	0.8											
Net Imports (Incl. SPR)	3.6											
Average for Four-Week Period 1985	Ending: 02/01	02/08	02/15	02/22	03/01	03/08	03/15	03/22	03/29			
1 0:2 (5 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2												
Crude Oil (Excl. SPR)	2.7	2.4	2.4	2.4	2.3	2.3	2.5	2.7	3.1			
SPR Refined Products	0.3	0.3	0.2	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1			
Gross Imports (Incl. SPR)	1.5 4.4	1.4 4.1	1.4 4.0	1.5 4.2	1.5 3.9	1.6 4.0	1.7 4.3	1.6	1.6 4.7			
otal Exports	E0.7	E0.8	E0.9	E0.9	E0.9	E1.0	E1.0	4.4 E0.9	E0.9			
let Imports (Incl. SPR)	3.7	3.3	3.2	3.3	3.0	3.1	3.3	3.5	3.9			
	S BY PRO	DUCT										
(Thousand Barrels per Day)			Mar	Apr	Mav	Jun	.lu1	Aug	Sen	Oct	Nov	
IMPORTS OF PETROLEUM PRODUCTS (Thousand Barrels per Day) Year/Product	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
(Thousand Barrels per Day) /ear/Product	Jan	Feb		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					·			
(Thousand Barrels per Day) /ear/Product 983 Finished Motor Gasoline	Jan 153	Feb 128	186	255	305	277	302	250	279	330	269	22
Thousand Barrels per Day) Year/Product 983 Tinished Motor Gasoline Jet Fuel	Jan 153 27	Feb 128 8	186 35	255 15	305 29	277 26	302 30	250 40	279 44	330 49	269 23	22
(Thousand Barrels per Day) /ear/Product 1983 Finished Motor Gasoline let Fuel Pistillate Fuel Oil	Jan 153 27 68	Feb 128 8 59	186 35 42	255 15 73	305 29 147	277 26 179	302 30 267	250 40 301	279 44 259	330 49 260	269 23 203	22 2 22
Thousand Barrels per Day) Year/Product 983 Inished Motor Gasoline Let Fuel Let Fuel Let Fuel Let Fuel Let Fuel Let Fuel Let Fuel Oil	Jan 153 27	Feb 128 8	186 35	255 15 73 753	305 29 147 738	277 26 179 677	302 30 267 684	250 40 301 739	279 44 259 706	330 49 260 638	269 23 203 780	22 2 22 64
Thousand Barrels per Day) Year/Product 983 Tinished Motor Gasoline tet Fuel Vistillate Fuel Oil Residual Fuel Oil Sther Petroleum Products 984	Jan 153 27 68 691 535	128 8 59 647 617	186 35 42 686	255 15 73	305 29 147	277 26 179	302 30 267	250 40 301	279 44 259	330 49 260	269 23 203	22 2 22 64
Thousand Barrels per Day) Year/Product 983 Tinished Motor Gasoline tet Fuel Pistillate Fuel Oil Residual Fuel Oil Sther Petroleum Products 984 Tinished Motor Gasoline	Jan 153 27 68 691 535 233	128 8 59 647 617	186 35 42 686 450	255 15 73 753	305 29 147 738 511	277 26 179 677 591	302 30 267 684 586	250 40 301 739	279 44 259 706	330 49 260 638	269 23 203 780	22 22 22 64 70
Thousand Barrels per Day) Year/Product 983 Tinished Motor Gasoline Tet Fuel Stillate Fuel Oil Testidual Fuel Oil Testidual Fuel Products 984 Tinished Motor Gasoline Tet Fuel	Jan 153 27 68 691 535 233 60	Feb 128 8 59 647 617 303 112	186 35 42 686 450 343 45	255 15 73 753 512 308 95	305 29 147 738 511 329 55	277 26 179 677 591 272 44	302 30 267 684 586 247 34	250 40 301 739 602 243 95	279 44 259 706 631 333 30	330 49 260 638 535 293 49	269 23 203 780 599 286 35	22 ² 22 24 70 30 25
Thousand Barrels per Day) Year/Product 983 Tinished Motor Gasoline Tet Fuel Sistillate Fuel Oil Testidual Fuel Oil Sther Petroleum Products 984 Tinished Motor Gasoline Tet Fuel Sistillate Fuel Oil	Jan 153 27 68 691 535 233 60 270	Feb 128 8 59 647 617 303 112 458	186 35 42 686 450 343 45 115	255 15 73 753 512 308 95 220	305 29 147 738 511 329 55 252	277 26 179 677 591 272 44 266	302 30 267 684 586 247 34 198	250 40 301 739 602 243 95 263	279 44 259 706 631 333 30 285	330 49 260 638 535 293 49 424	269 23 203 780 599 286 35 308	22- 22- 24- 70- 30- 21- 19-
/Thousand Barrels per Day) /ear/Product 983 /inished Motor Gasoline /et Fuel /istillate Fuel Oil /esidual Fuel Oil /ther Petroleum Products 984 /inished Motor Gasoline /et Fuel /istillate Fuel Oil /esidual Fuel Oil	Jan 153 27 68 691 535 233 60 270 1,061	Feb 128 8 59 647 617 303 112 458 1,107	186 35 42 686 450 343 45 115 633	255 15 73 753 512 308 95 220 637	305 29 147 738 511 329 55 252 554	277 26 179 677 591 272 44 266 676	302 30 267 684 586 247 34 198 596	250 40 301 739 602 243 95 263 572	279 44 259 706 631 333 30 285 596	330 49 260 638 535 293 49 424 461	269 23 203 780 599 286 35 308 588	22: 22: 64: 70: 30: 29: 62:
Thousand Barrels per Day) Year/Product 983 Tinished Motor Gasoline Let Fuel Pistillate Fuel Oil Lesidual Fuel Oil Lether Petroleum Products 984 Tinished Motor Gasoline Let Fuel Listillate Fuel Oil Lesidual Fuel Oil Lesidual Fuel Oil Lesidual Fuel Oil Lether Petroleum Products 2	Jan 153 27 68 691 535 233 60 270	Feb 128 8 59 647 617 303 112 458	186 35 42 686 450 343 45 115	255 15 73 753 512 308 95 220	305 29 147 738 511 329 55 252	277 26 179 677 591 272 44 266	302 30 267 684 586 247 34 198	250 40 301 739 602 243 95 263	279 44 259 706 631 333 30 285	330 49 260 638 535 293 49 424	269 23 203 780 599 286 35 308	22: 22: 64: 70: 30: 29: 62:
Thousand Barrels per Day) Year/Product 983 Finished Motor Gasoline Ret Fuel Pistillate Fuel Oil Residual Fuel Oil Rether Petroleum Products 984 Finished Motor Gasoline Ret Fuel Firstillate Fuel Oil Residual Fuel Oil Residual Fuel Oil Residual Fuel Oil Rether Petroleum Products 985	Jan 153 27 68 691 535 233 60 270 1,061	Feb 128 8 59 647 617 303 112 458 1,107	186 35 42 686 450 343 45 115 633	255 15 73 753 512 308 95 220 637	305 29 147 738 511 329 55 252 554	277 26 179 677 591 272 44 266 676	302 30 267 684 586 247 34 198 596	250 40 301 739 602 243 95 263 572	279 44 259 706 631 333 30 285 596	330 49 260 638 535 293 49 424 461	269 23 203 780 599 286 35 308 588	22 22 22 64 70 30 2 19
Thousand Barrels per Day) Tear/Product 983 Tinished Motor Gasoline et Fuel istillate Fuel Oil tesidual Fuel Oil tesidual Fuel Oil tesidual Fuel Oil istillate Fuel Oil esidual Fuel Oil tesidual Fuel Oil tesidual Fuel Oil tesidual Fuel Oil ther Petroleum Products 985 inished Motor Gasoline et Fuel	Jan 153 27 68 691 535 233 60 270 1,061 695	Feb 128 8 59 647 617 303 112 458 1,107	186 35 42 686 450 343 45 115 633	255 15 73 753 512 308 95 220 637	305 29 147 738 511 329 55 252 554	277 26 179 677 591 272 44 266 676	302 30 267 684 586 247 34 198 596	250 40 301 739 602 243 95 263 572	279 44 259 706 631 333 30 285 596	330 49 260 638 535 293 49 424 461	269 23 203 780 599 286 35 308 588	22 22 22 64 70 30 2 19
Thousand Barrels per Day) Tear/Product 983 Tinished Motor Gasoline et Fuel istillate Fuel Oil tesidual Fuel Oil tesidual Fuel Oil tesidual Fuel Oil istillate Fuel Oil esidual Fuel Oil tesidual Fuel Oil tesidual Fuel Oil tesidual Fuel Oil ther Petroleum Products 985 inished Motor Gasoline et Fuel	Jan 153 27 68 691 535 233 60 270 1,061 695 204	Feb 128 8 59 647 617 303 112 458 1,107	186 35 42 686 450 343 45 115 633	255 15 73 753 512 308 95 220 637	305 29 147 738 511 329 55 252 554	277 26 179 677 591 272 44 266 676	302 30 267 684 586 247 34 198 596	250 40 301 739 602 243 95 263 572	279 44 259 706 631 333 30 285 596	330 49 260 638 535 293 49 424 461	269 23 203 780 599 286 35 308 588	22 22 22 64 70 30 2 19
Thousand Barrels per Day) Year/Product 983 Inished Motor Gasoline et Fuel Vistillate Fuel Oil Vesidual Fuel Oil	Jan 153 27 68 691 535 233 60 270 1,061 695 204 64	Feb 128 8 59 647 617 303 112 458 1,107	186 35 42 686 450 343 45 115 633	255 15 73 753 512 308 95 220 637	305 29 147 738 511 329 55 252 554	277 26 179 677 591 272 44 266 676	302 30 267 684 586 247 34 198 596	250 40 301 739 602 243 95 263 572	279 44 259 706 631 333 30 285 596	330 49 260 638 535 293 49 424 461	269 23 203 780 599 286 35 308 588	22 22 22 64 70 30 2 19
/rear/Product 983 Finished Motor Gasoline Let Fuel Pistillate Fuel Oil Lesidual Fuel Oil Lether Petroleum Products 984 Finished Motor Gasoline Let Fuel Pistillate Fuel Oil Lesidual Fuel Oil	Jan 153 27 68 691 535 233 60 270 1,061 695 204 64 271	Feb 128 8 59 647 617 303 112 458 1,107	186 35 42 686 450 343 45 115 633	255 15 73 753 512 308 95 220 637	305 29 147 738 511 329 55 252 554	277 26 179 677 591 272 44 266 676	302 30 267 684 586 247 34 198 596	250 40 301 739 602 243 95 263 572	279 44 259 706 631 333 30 285 596	330 49 260 638 535 293 49 424 461	269 23 203 780 599 286 35 308 588	22- 22- 64- 70- 30- 21- 62-
(Thousand Barrels per Day) Year/Product 983 Finished Motor Gasoline Pet Fuel Pistillate Fuel Oil Residual Fuel Oil Pither Petroleum Products 984 Finished Motor Gasoline Pet Fuel Pistillate Fuel Oil Residual Fuel Oil Residual Fuel Oil Petroleum Products 985 Finished Motor Gasoline Petroleum Products 985 Finished Motor Gasoline Petroleum Products 1	Jan 153 27 68 691 535 233 60 270 1,061 695 204 64 271 594 544	Feb 128 8 59 647 617 303 112 458 1,107	186 35 42 686 450 343 45 115 633	255 15 73 753 512 308 95 220 637	305 29 147 738 511 329 55 252 554	277 26 179 677 591 272 44 266 676	302 30 267 684 586 247 34 198 596	250 40 301 739 602 243 95 263 572	279 44 259 706 631 333 30 285 596	330 49 260 638 535 293 49 424 461	269 23 203 780 599 286 35 308 588	
Thousand Barrels per Day) Year/Product 983 Inished Motor Gasoline et Fuel Vistillate Fuel Oil Vesidual Fuel Oil	Jan 153 27 68 691 535 233 60 270 1,061 695 204 64 271 594 544 Ending:	Feb 128 8 59 647 617 303 112 458 1,107 711	186 35 42 686 450 343 45 115 633 662	255 15 73 753 512 308 95 220 637 642	305 29 147 738 511 329 55 252 554 799	277 26 179 677 591 272 44 266 676 635	302 30 267 684 586 247 34 198 596 665	250 40 301 739 602 243 95 263 572 620	279 44 259 706 631 333 30 285 596 636	330 49 260 638 535 293 49 424 461	269 23 203 780 599 286 35 308 588	22 22 22 64 70 30 2 19
Thousand Barrels per Day) Year/Product 983 Sinished Motor Gasoline Pet Fuel Sistillate Fuel Oil Sesidual Fuel Oil	Jan 153 27 68 691 535 233 60 270 1,061 695 204 64 271 594 544	Feb 128 8 59 647 617 303 112 458 1,107	186 35 42 686 450 343 45 115 633	255 15 73 753 512 308 95 220 637	305 29 147 738 511 329 55 252 554 799	277 26 179 677 591 272 44 266 676	302 30 267 684 586 247 34 198 596	250 40 301 739 602 243 95 263 572	279 44 259 706 631 333 30 285 596	330 49 260 638 535 293 49 424 461	269 23 203 780 599 286 35 308 588	22 22 22 64 70 30 2 19
(Thousand Barrels per Day) (ear/Product 983 Finished Motor Gasoline Jet Fuel Jistillate Fuel Oil Residual Fuel Oil	Jan 153 27 68 691 535 233 60 270 1,061 695 204 64 271 594 544 Ending:	Feb 128 8 59 647 617 303 112 458 1,107 711	186 35 42 686 450 343 45 115 633 662	255 15 73 753 512 308 95 220 637 642	305 29 147 738 511 329 55 252 554 799	277 26 179 677 591 272 44 266 676 635	302 30 267 684 586 247 34 198 596 665	250 40 301 739 602 243 95 263 572 620	279 444 259 706 631 333 30 285 596 636	330 49 260 638 535 293 49 424 461	269 23 203 780 599 286 35 308 588	22 22 22 64 70 30 2 19
(Thousand Barrels per Day) (ear/Product 983 Finished Motor Gasoline Jet Fuel Jistillate Fuel Oil Lesidual Fuel Oil Other Petroleum Products 984 Finished Motor Gasoline Jet Fuel Jistillate Fuel Oil Lesidual Fuel Oil Lesidu	Jan 153 27 68 691 535 233 60 270 1,061 695 204 64 271 594 544 Ending: 02/01	Feb 128 8 59 647 617 303 112 458 1,107 711	186 35 42 686 450 343 45 115 633 662	255 15 73 753 512 308 95 220 637 642	305 29 147 738 511 329 55 252 554 799	277 26 179 677 591 272 44 266 676 635	302 30 267 684 586 247 34 198 596 665	250 40 301 739 602 243 95 263 572 620	279 44 259 706 631 333 30 285 596 636	330 49 260 638 535 293 49 424 461	269 23 203 780 599 286 35 308 588	22 22 22 64 70 30 2 19
(Thousand Barrels per Day) (ear/Product [983] [inished Motor Gasoline [let Fuel] [istillate Fuel Oil] [ther Petroleum Products [984] [inished Motor Gasoline [let Fuel] [istillate Fuel Oil] [Residual Fuel Oil] [Residual Fuel Oil] [ther Petroleum Products [1985] [inished Motor Gasoline [let Fuel] [istillate Fuel Oil] [ther Petroleum Products [1986] [inished Motor Gasoline [1986] [inished Motor Gasoline [1985] [inished Motor Gasoline	Jan 153 27 68 691 535 233 60 270 1,061 695 204 64 271 594 544 Ending: 02/01	Feb 128 8 59 647 617 303 112 458 1,107 711	186 35 42 686 450 343 45 115 633 662	255 15 73 753 512 308 95 220 637 642	305 29 147 738 511 329 55 252 554 799	277 26 179 677 591 272 44 266 676 635	302 30 267 684 586 247 34 198 596 665	250 40 301 739 602 243 95 263 572 620	279 44 259 706 631 333 30 285 596 636	330 49 260 638 535 293 49 424 461	269 23 203 780 599 286 35 308 588	22 22 22 64 70 30 2 19
Thousand Barrels per Day) Tear/Product 983 Tinished Motor Gasoline et Fuel istillate Fuel Oil esidual Fuel Oil ther Petroleum Products 984 inished Motor Gasoline et Fuel istillate Fuel Oil esidual Fuel Oil esidual Fuel Oil esidual Fuel Oil ther Petroleum Products 985 Tinished Motor Gasoline et Fuel esidual Fuel Oil tesidual Fuel Oil ther Petroleum Products verage for Four-Week Period 985 inished Motor Gasoline et Fuel	Jan 153 27 68 691 535 233 60 270 1,061 695 204 64 271 594 544 Ending: 02/01 243 67	Feb 128 8 59 647 617 303 112 458 1,107 711	186 35 42 686 450 343 45 115 633 662	255 15 73 753 512 308 95 220 637 642 02/22 300 27	305 29 147 738 511 329 55 252 554 799	277 26 179 677 591 272 44 266 676 635	302 30 267 684 586 247 34 198 596 665	250 40 301 739 602 243 95 263 572 620	279 44 259 706 631 333 30 285 596 636	330 49 260 638 535 293 49 424 461	269 23 203 780 599 286 35 308 588	22- 22- 64- 70- 30- 21- 62-

Note: Detail data may not add to total due to independent rounding. Source: See Sources Section of this publication.

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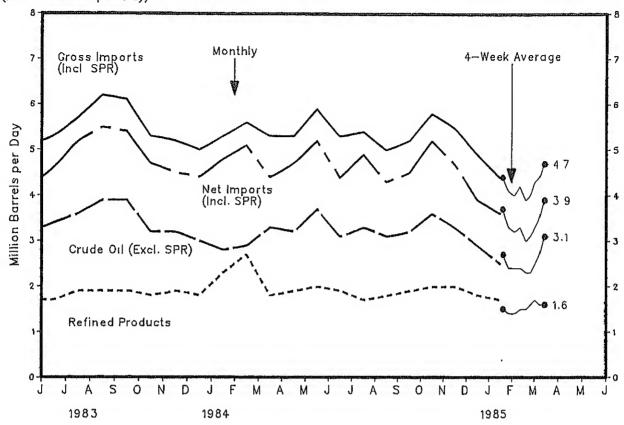
E=Estimate based on most recent monthly data available.

1 Includes exports of crude oil and refined petroleum products. Exports of crude oil are prohibited under normal circumstances. Some crude oil is shipped to Canada in exchange on a barrel-for-barrel basis. Shipments of crude oil to Puerto Rico and the Virgin Islands are not prohibited because these territories are U.S. possessions.

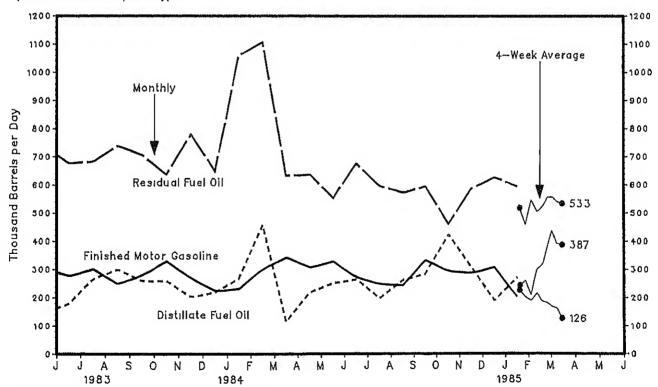
2 Includes imports of kerosene, unfinished oils, motor gasoline blending components, liquefied petroleum gases

Imports

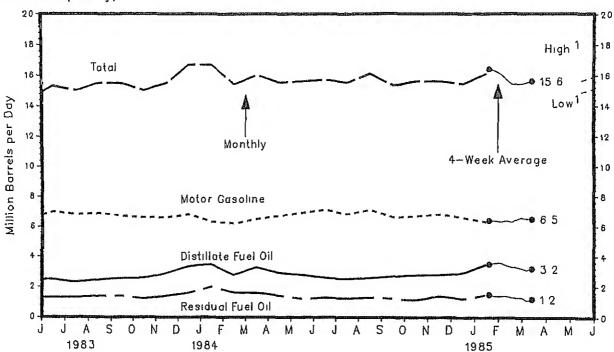
Crude Oil and Petroleum Products (Million Barrels per Day)







Source: See Sources Section of this publication.



Year/Product		Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	0ct	Nov	Dec
1983 Motor Gasoline Jet Fuel Distillate Fuel Residual Fuel Other Total	0i! 0i!	6.1 1.0 2.8 1.6 3.3 14.7	6.0 1.1 2.8 1.6 3.4 14.8	6.8 1.0 2.9 1.6 3.2 15.5	6.5 1.0 2.7 1.4 3.1 14.7	6.6 1.0 2.4 1.3 3.2 14.5	7.0 1.1 2.5 1.3 3.4 15.3	6.8 1.1 2.3 1.3 3.6 15.0	6.9 1.1 2.5 1.4 3.6 15.5	6.7 1.1 2.6 1.4 3.8 15.5	6.6 1.0 2.6 1.2 3.5	6.6 1.0 2.9 1.4 3.7 15.5	6.8 1.2 3.4 1.6 3.7 16.7
1984 Motor Gasoline Jet Fuel Distillate Fuel Residual Fuel Other Total	0i1 0i1	6.3 1.2 3.5 2.0 3.8 16.7	6.2 1.1 2.8 1.6 3.6 15.4	6.5 1.1 3.3 1.6 3.5 16.0	6.7 1.1 2.9 1.4 3.4	6.9 1.1 2.8 1.2 3.5 15.6	7.1 1.1 2.6 1.3 3.6 15.7	6.8 1.2 2.5 1.2 3.8 15.5	7.1 1.2 2.6 1.3 3.9	6.6 1.2 2.7 1.2 3.7	6.7 1.2 2.8 1.1 3.8 15.6	6.8 1.2 2.8 1.4 3.5	6.6 1.2 2.9 1.2 3.5
1985 Motor Gasoline Jet Fuel Pistillate Fuel Pasidual Fuel Pher Ptal	0i1 0i1	6.3 1.2 3.5 1.5 3.7 16.1											. = • •

Average for Four-Week Period Ending 1985 02/0		02/15	02/22	03/01	03/08	03/15	03/22	03/29	
Motor Casoline 6.4 Jet Fuel 1.3 Distillate Fuel Oil 3.5 Residual Fuel Oil 1.5 Other 3.7 Total 16.4	6.4 1.2 3.6 1.4 3.7 16.3	6.3 1.2 3.6 1.4 3.6 16.1	6.4 1.3 3.4 1.4 3.3 15.7	6.3 1.2 3.3 1.3 3.4 15.4	6.5 1.2 3.3 1.3 3.2 15.4	6.6 1.1 3.2 1.3 3.3	6.5 1.2 3.1 1.1 3.6 15.5	6.5 1.2 3.2 1.2 3.6 15.6	

¹ Projected. See Appendix C for explanation of derivation of values. Note: Detail data may not add to total due to independent rounding. Source: See Sources Section of this publication.

REFINER ACQUISITION COST OF CRUDE OIL (Dollars per Barrel)

Year/Type	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
1983				// // /	·		·					
Domestic	30.55	29,16	28.69	28,45	28.68	28.67	28.74	28.58	28.69	28.88	28.76	28.62
Imported	31.40	30.76	28.43	27.95	28.53	29.23	28.76	29.50	29.54	29.67	29.09	29.30
Composite	30.73	29.49	28.64	28.33	28.64	28.85	28.75	28.88	28.97	29.14	28.85	28.83
1984												
Domestic	28,62	28.76	28.75	28.63	28,65	28.58	28.70	28.59	28.56	28,46	28.10	27,95
Imported	28.80	28.91	28.95	29.11	29.26	29.19	29.00	28.92	28.70	28.79	28.74	28.02
Composite	28.67	28.81	28.81	28.77	28.83	28.77	28.79	28.69	28,60	28.56	28.30	27.97
1985												
Domestic	26,89											
Imported	27.51											
Composite	27.02											

AVERAGE RETAIL SELLING PRICES MOTOR GASOLINE AND RESIDENTIAL HEATING OIL (Cents per Gallon, Including Taxes)

Year/Product	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	0ct	Nov	Dec
1983					- 			·· <u>·</u>				
Motor Gasoline												
Leaded Regular	114.6	109.9	106.4	113.1	117.7	119.7	120.7	120.3	118.9	117.2	115.6	114.0
Unleaded Premium	137.6	133.8	130.8	136.0	139.7	141.1	142.1	141.9	141.0	139.5	138.4	137.6
Unleaded Regular	122.8	118.7	115.1	121.5	125.9	127.7	128.8	128.5	127.4	125.5	124.1	123.1
All-Types	121.3	117.0	113.5	119.8	124.3	126.1	127.2	126.9	125.7	123.9	122.4	121.5
Residential Heating Oil'	115.0	111.6	105.1	103.5	104.8	106.0	105.0	104.9	105.7	106.0	106.0	106.7
1984												
Motor Gasoline												
Leaded Regular	113.1	112.5	112.5	114.5	115.4	114.7	112.9	111.6	112.0	112.7	112.4	110.9
Unleaded Premium	136.9	136.1	136.2	137.5	138.0	137.7	137.0	135.5	136.0	136.5	136.4	135.4
Unleaded Regular	121.6	120.9	121.0	122.7	123.6	122.9	121.2	119.6	120.3	120.9	120.7	119.3
All-Types 1	120.0	119.3	119.4	121.1	122.1	121.4	119.7	118.4	118.9	119.5	119.3	117.9
Residential Heating Oil'	112.0	116.9	111.3	109.8	108.4	107.2	104.8	103.3	103.6	104.9	105.3	104.8
1985												
Notor Gasoline												
Leaded Regular	106.0	104.1										
Unleaded Premium	130.4	129.0										
Unleaded Regular	114.8	113.1										
All-Types	114.5	112.8										
Residential Heating Oil	P104.8											

P=Preliminary 1 Residential heating oil prices do not include taxes. Source: See Sources Section of this publication.

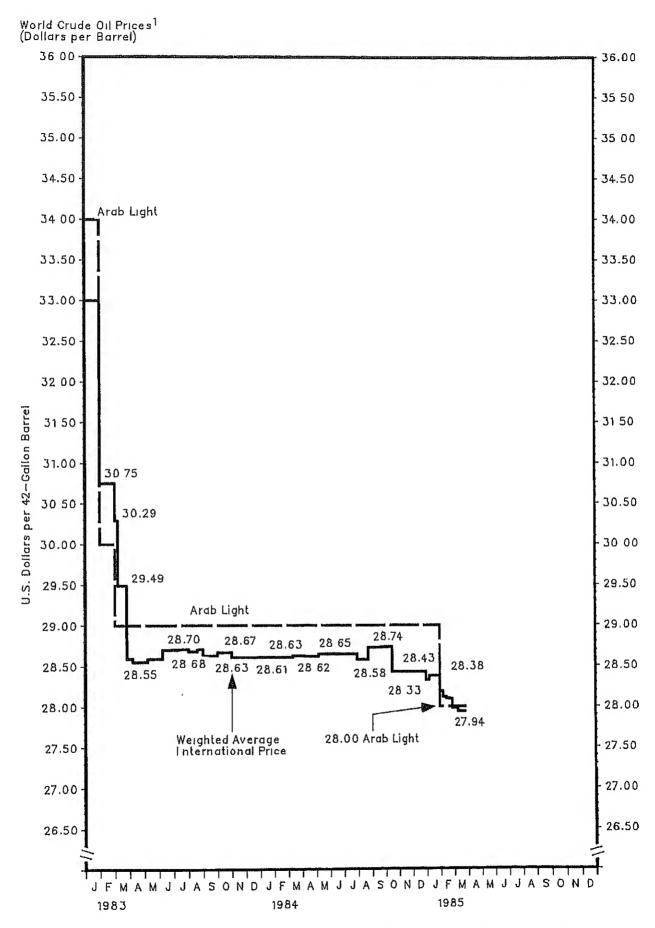
Country	Type of Crude/ API Gravity	Current Price	In Effect 1 Jan 85	In Effect 1 Jan 84	In Effect 1 Jan 83	In Effect 1 Jan 82	In Effect 1 Jan 81	In Effect 1 Jan 80	In Effect 31 Dec 78
OPEC									
Saudi Arabia Saudi Arabia Saudi Arabia Abu Dhabi Dubai Qatar Iran Iran Iraq Kuwait Neutral Zone Algeria Nigeria Libya Indonesia Venezuela Venezuela Venezuela Gabon Ecuador	Arabian Light 34° Arabian Medium 31° Arabian Heavy 27° Murban 39° Fateh 32° Dukhan 40° Iranian Light 34° Iranian Heavy 31° Kirkuk Blend 36° Kuwait Blend 31° Khafji 28° Saharan Blend 44° Bonny Light 37° Forcados 31° Es Sider 37° Minas 34° Oficina 34° Tia Juana 26° Bachaquero 17° Mandji 30° Oriente 30°	28.00 27.40 26.50 28.15 28.86 28.10 28.05 27.35 28.18 27.30 26.53 29.50 28.65 30.15 28.80 27.60 25.50 28.00 27.99	29.00 27.65 26.50 29.31 28.86 29.24 28.00 27.10 29.83 27.55 26.53 30.50 28.00 27.50 30.15 29.53 31.09 27.88 25.50 29.00 27.50	29.00 27.40 26.00 29.56 28.86 29.49 28.00 27.10 29.83 27.30 26.03 30.50 30.00 29.00 30.15 29.53 31.09 27.88 25.00 29.00 27.50	34.00 32.40 31.00 34.56 33.86 34.49 31.20 29.30 34.83 32.30 35.50 35.50 34.53 37.06 32.88 25.29 34.00 32.50	34.00 32.40 31.00 35.50 33.86 35.45 34.20 32.30 31.03 37.00 36.50 36.50 37.06 32.88 27.79 34.00 34.25	32.00 31.45 31.00 36.56 35.93 37.42 37.50 35.50 25.20 40.00 40.00 39.80 40.78 35.00 38.06 32.88 27.95 35.00 40.06	26.00 23.54 25.00 29.56 27.93 29.42 30.00 27.77 29.29 27.50 27.20 33.00 29.97 29.80 34.50 27.50 28.75 25.20 22.10 28.00 33.50	12.70 12.32 12.02 13.26 12.64 13.19 13.45 12.49 13.17 12.22 12.03 14.10 15.12 13.68 13.55 13.99 12.72 11.38 12.59 12.35
Total OPEC ³	NA	27.99	28.43	28,59	33.54	34,13	34.02	20.30	13.03
Non-OPEC United Kingdom Norway Mexico Mexico Egypt Oman Malaysia Brunei U.S.S.R.	Brent Blend 38° Ekofisk 42° Isthmus 33° Maya 22° Suez Blend 33° Oman 34° Miri 32° Seria Light 37° Export Blend 32°	28.65* 28.50* 27.75 25.50 27.50 28.00 29.85 28.35 28.00	28.65 28.50 29.00 25.50 28.00 29.00 29.85 29.60 28.00	30.00 30.25 29.00 25.00 28.00 29.00 29.85 30.10 28.60	33.50 34.25 32.50 25.50 31.00 34.00 35.60 35.10 31.20	36.60 37.25 35.00 26.50 34.00 35.00 36.50 36.10 35.49	39.25 40.00 38.50 34.50 40.50 37.50 41.30 40.35 39.25	26.02 32.50 32.00 28.00 34.00 30.26 33.60 33.40 33.20	NA 14.20 13.10 NA 12.81 13.06 14.30 14.15 13.20
Total Non-OPEC3	NA	27.86	28.16	28,65	31.72	34.35	38.54	31.94	13.44
Total World ³	NA	27.94	28.33	28.61	33.00	34.18	35.49	28.84	13.08
United States ⁵	NA	27.40	27.95	28.44	32.51	34.15	36.69	29.35	13,38

^{*=}Current sale price based on related spot price levels.

NA=Not Applicable.

¹ Official sales prices or estimated long term contract prices; spot or discount prices excluded. See Appendix D for calculation of world oil prices.

² Also called Sumatra Light.
3 Average prices (FOB) weighted by estimated export volume.
4 Average delivered cost to Northwest Europe, also called Urals.
5 Average prices (FOB) weighted by estimated import volume.
Source: See Sources Section of this publication.



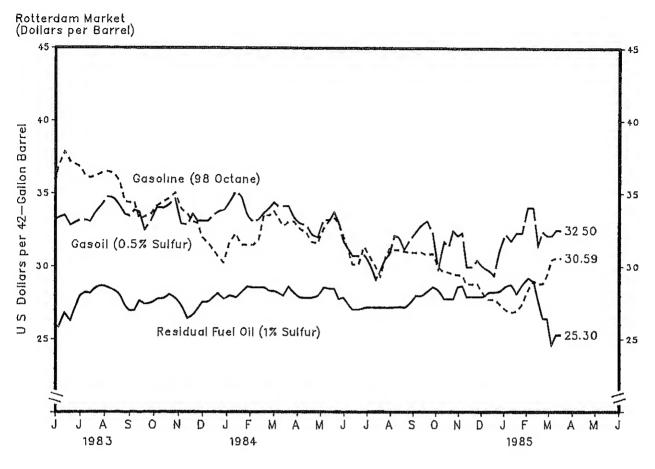
1 Internationally traded oil only. Average price (FOB) weighted by estimated export volume. Source: See Sources Section of this publication.

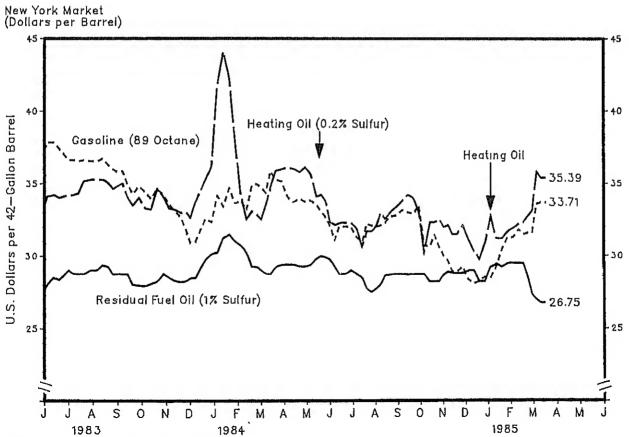
	Motor G	Motor Gasoline		ting Oil ¹	Residual	Fuel 0il ²	
	Rotterdam (98 Octane)	N.Y. ³ (89 Octane)	Rotterdam (0.5% Sulfur)	N.Y. ⁴ (0.2% Sulfur)	Rotterdam (1% Sulfur)	N.Y. ³ (1% Sulfur)	
1984 Feb 24	31.89	33.18	33.24	32.55	28.53	30.25	
Mar 2	33,59	34.86	33.71	33.08	28.53	29.25	
9	33.47	35.01	33.98	32.86	28.30	29.25	
16	33.82	34.69	34.38	32.55	28.30 28.15	29.00 28.75	
23	33.29	34.38	34.12 34.12	33.50 34.76	28.00	28.75	
30 Apr 6	32.77 33.06	35.87 35.26	34.12	35.91	28.60	29.25	
Apr 6 13	33.06	35.15	33.31	36.02	28.15	29.40	
20	32.53	34.08	32.91	36.12	27.85	29.40	
27	32,36	33.73	32.84	36.02	27.85	29.40	
May 4	31.65	33.96	32.17	35.80	27.85	29.25	
11	31.59	33.75	31.97	36.12 35.70	28.00 28.53	29.25 29.40	
18	32,59	33.85 33.52	33.18 33.18	34.12	28.45	29.85	
25 Jun 1	33.18 33.35	33.10	33.71	34.23	28.45	30.00	
Juli 1 8	33.00	32.68	33.04	33.81	27.78	29.90	
15	32.12	32.05	31.70	32.34	27.85	29.75	
22	31.18	31.10	31.23	32.13	27.40	29.25	
29	30.13	32.05	30.70	32.30	27.03	28.75	
Ju1 6	Not avail	able.	20.76	20.00	27.18	29.00	
13	31.36	32.03 31.29	30.76 30.16	32.28 31.92	27.18	28.75	
20 27	30.66 29.95	30.98	29.09	30.66	27.18	28.50	
Aug 3	29.31	32,24	29.76	31.71	27.18	27.75	
10	30.54	32.09	30.50	31.71	27.18	27.50	
17	31.24	32,02	30.83	32.02	27.18	27.75	
24	31.13	32,13	32.10	32.97	27.18	28.00	
31	31.13	32.34	31.97	32.55	27.25	28.65 28.75	
Sep 7	31.01	32.76	31.17 31.84	33.08 33.39	27.18 27.48	28.75	
14 21	30.95 30.95	32.82 33.18	32.37	33.81	28.00	28.75	
28	30.95	33.01	32.84	34.23	28.00	28.70	
0ct 5	30.77	32.91	33.11	34.02	28.30	28.75	
12	30.89	33.54	32.31	33.08	28.60	28.75	
19	29.95	30.68	29.83	30.24	28.38	28.75	
26	29.60	30.68	31.70	32.34	27.78	28.25	
Nov 2	29.60	31.46	31.37	32.34	27.78	28.25	
9	29.43 29.43	30.64 30.03	32.44 32.10	32.55 32.02	27.78 28.60	28.25 28.70	
16 23	29.43	29,65	32.31	32.13	28.68	28.90	
30	28.78	28.92	29.96	31.50	27.93	28.80	
Dec 7	28.84	29,25	30.43	32,13	27.93	28.80	
14	28.19	28.37	29.96	31.18	27.93	29.00	
21	27.73	28.10	29.76	30.34	28.23	29.00	
28	Not avail	able.	00.05	00 70	00.00	00.00	
1985 Jan 4 11	27.72 27.43	28.27 28.58	29.35 31.09	29.76 30.87	28.22 28.30	28.25 28.25	
18	27.43	28.50	32.23	32.76	28.67	29.25	
25	26.84	29.23	31.76	31.19	28.75	29.45	
Feb 1	26.96	30.43	32.30	31.19	28.15	29.25	
8	27.43	31.29	32.30	31.71	28.75	29.50	
15	28.42	31.29	34.04	31.92	29.20	29.50	
. 22	29.01	31.84	34.04	32.24	28.97	29.50	
Mar 1	28.78	31.50	31.43	32.34	27.62	29.50	
8 15	28.83 29.42	31.61 31.61	32.37 32.10	32.76 33.12	26.42 26.42	28.65 27.35	
22	30.48	33.60	32.10	35.12 35.81	24.62	27.33 27.00	
29	30.59	33.71	32.50	35.39	25.30	26.75	
	- • - •			•			

¹ Refers to No. 2 Heating Oil. 2 Refers to No. 6 Oil.

³ East Coast Cargoes.
4 New York Harbor Reseller Barge Prices.
Source: See Sources Section of this publication.

Spot Market Product Prices





Source: See Sources Section of this publication.

(Population Weighted Heating Degree Days 1)

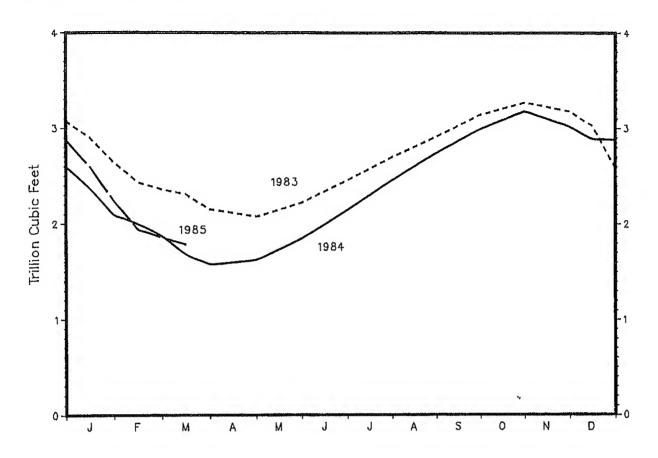
Weather data reported in the Weekly Petroleum Status Report are now taken directly from a computerized system implemented by the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration, Department of Commerce.

The weather for the nation, as measured by population-weighted heating degree-days from July 1, 1984 through March 30, 1985, has been 2 percent warmer than normal and 5 percent warmer than last year.

U.S. TOTAL HEATING DEGREE DAYS (Population Weighted) and by CITY

				Percent	Change
	1984 -1 985 This year	1983-1984 Last year	Normal	This year vs. Last year	This year vs. Normal
July 1 - June 30		4,903	4,689		
July 1 - March 30	4,069	4,262	4,135	-5	-2
Cities					
Al buquerque	4,194	3,849	4,016	9	4
Amarillo	3,923	4,284	3,851	-8	2
Asheville	3,753	3,973	3,859	-6	-3
Atlanta	2,554	2,999	2,838	-15	-10
Billings	6,697	5,770	6,146	16	9
Boise	6,202	5,486	4,954	13	25
Boston	4,801	4,908		-2	
Buffalo	5,666	6,004	4,840 5,846	-6	-1 -3
Chevenne	6,638	6,452	5,846		_
Chicago			6,050	3	10
Cincinnati	5,952 4,473	6,208 5,171	5,684	-4	5
Cleveland	T, 7/3		4,726	-13	-5
Columbia, SC	5,318	5,757	5,383	-8	-1
Denver	2,412	2,697	2,513	-11	-4
Des Moines	5,475	5,593	5,136	-2	7
Detroit	5,841	6,150	5,923	-5	-1
	5,580	6,069	5,740	-8	-3
Fargo	7,972	8,054	8,231	-1	-3
Hartford	5,182	5,529	5,449	-6	- 5
Houston	1,472	1,788	1,514	-18	-3
Jacksonville	1,266	1,479	1,382	-14	-8
Kansas City	4,985	5,352	4,827	- 7	3 6
las Vegas	2,522	1,978	2,372	28	6
Los Angeles	1,324	852	1,258	55	5
lemphis	2,808	3,186	3,047	-12	-8
(iami	232	186	198	25	17
lilwaukee	6,040	6,244	6,275	- 3	-4
finneapolis	7,003	7,380	7,128	-5	-2
lontgomery	1,843	2,257	2,190	-18	-16
lew York	3,954	4,474	4,353	-12	-9
klahoma City	3,565	3,830	3,498	- 7	2
)maha	5,614	6,256	5,637	-10	õ
Philadelphia	4,171	4,686	4,439	-11	-6
hoenix	1,119	769	1,386	46	-19
Pittsburgh	4,989	5,465	5,252	- 9	- 5
ortland, ME	6,039	6,096	6,322	-Ĭ	-4
Providence	4,835	4,884	5,103	-1	- 5
lal e i gh	3,114	3,419	3,286	- 9	-5 -5
tichmond	3,396	3,917	3,657	- 13	-5 -7
t. Louis	4,355	4,763	4,523	-13 -9	
alem, OR	4,354	7,703			-4
alt Lake City	5 201	3,501	4,004	24	9 7
an Francisco	5,381	5,091	5,035	6	7
eattle	2,413	1,680	2,479	44	-3
hreveport	4,384	3,806	4,131	15	6
	1,984	2,631	2,185	-25	-9
ashington, DC	3,614	3,834	3,784	-6	-4

¹ See Glossary.



	1983	1984	1985	
January 15 January 31 February 15 February 28 March 15 March 31 April 30 May 31 June 30 July 31 August 31 September 30 October 31 November 30 December 15	2.902 2.644 2.433 2.356 2.305 2.148 2.074 2.222 2.454 2.696 2.908 3.140 3.269 3.174 3.028 2.595	2.381 2.090 1.997 1.876 1.671 1.572 1.620 1.843 2.141 2.456 2.740 2.996 3.177 3.017 2.886 2.877	2.602 2.242 1.937 1.853 P1.781	

P=Preliminary 1 Working Gas: Gas available for withdrawal. Source: See Sources Section of this publication.

Weekly Estimates (Thousand Barrels per Day Except Where Noted)

Crude 0il Production	03/01/85	03/08/85	03/15/85	03/22/85	03/29/85
Domestic Production	E8,927.0	E8,927.0	E8,927.0	E8,927.0	E8,927.0
Inputs and Utilizations					
Crude Oil Input Gross Inputs East Coast (PADD 1) Midwest (PADD 2) Gulf Coast (PADD 3) Rocky Mountain (PADD 4) West Coast (PADD 5) Operable Capacity (Million Barrels per Day) Percent Utilization	11,354.0 11,474.0 1,148.0 2,554.0 5,300.0 399.0 2,073.0 15.7 72.9	11,382.0 11,458.0 1,104.0 2,631.0 5,149.0 406.0 2,168.0 15.7 72.8	11,415.0 11,533.0 1,081.0 2,622.0 5,252.0 414.0 2,164.0 15.7 73.3	11,413.0 11,585.0 1,100.0 2,454.0 5,343.0 416.0 2,272.0 15.4 75.0	11,525.0 11,647.0 1,073.0 2,539.0 5,344.0 388.0 2,303.0 15.4 75.4
Production by Product					
Motor Gasoline. East Coast (PADD 1) Midwest (PADD 2). Gulf Coast (PADD 3). Rocky Mountain (PADD 4). West Coast (PADD 5). Jet Fuel. Naphtha-Type. Kerosene-Type. Distillate Fuel Oil. East Coast (PADD 1). Midwest (PADD 2). Gulf Coast (PADD 3). Rocky Mountain (PADD 4). West Coast (PADD 5). Residual Fuel Oil.	5,914.0 584.0 1,577.0 2,660.0 247.0 846.0 1,184.0 1,014.0 2,402.0 295.0 540.0 1,110.0 104.0 353.0 993.0	5,996.0 578.0 1,627.0 2,703.0 251.0 837.0 1,104.0 935.0 2,256.0 210.0 550.0 1,026.0 99.0 371.0 936.0	5,738.0 534.0 1,617.0 2,532.0 213.0 842.0 1,258.0 182.0 2,119.0 211.0 522.0 907.0 89.0 390.0 880.0	5,898.0 607.0 1,501.0 2,721.0 189.0 880.0 1,251.0 230.0 1,021.0 2,229.0 186.0 475.0 1,116.0 96.0 356.0 888.0	6,128.0 578.0 1,530.0 2,743.0 233.0 1,044.0 1,183.0 231.0 952.0 2,338.0 231.0 482.0 1,174.0 96.0 355.0
Imports					
Total Crude Oil incl SPR. Crude Oil SPR. Motor Gasoline. Jet Fuel. Naphtha-Type Kerosene-Type istillate. esidual Jther. Total Refined Products Imports.	1,869.0 1,760.0 109.0 393.0 28.0 0.0 28.0 147.0 447.0 384.0 1,398.0	2,660.0 2,572.0 88.0 459.0 0.0 0.0 207.0 633.0 474.0 1,772.0	3,357.0 3,320.0 37.0 326.0 47.0 32.0 16.0 87.0 542.0 513.0 1,516.0	3,219.0 3,132.0 87.0 389.0 69.0 209.0 537.0 605.0 1,810.0	3,296.0 3,259.0 37.0 374.0 35.0 0.0 0.0 421.0 502.0 1,332.0
Exports					
Total	E985.0 E185.0 E800.0	E985.0 E185.0 E800.0	E985.0 E185.0 E800.0	E791.0 E144.0 E647.0	E791.0 E144.0 E647.0
Products Sunplied					
pplied.	6,328.0 1,029.0 133.0 896.0 2,814.0 948.0 3,765.0 14,884.0	6,632.0 1,120.0 157.0 963.0 3,216.0 1,256.0 3,258.0 15,483.0	6,480.0 1,061.0 190.0 871.0 3,168.0 1,249.0 3,581.0 15,537.0	6,432.0 1,442.0 283.0 1,159.0 3,279.0 945.0 3,968.0 16,066.0	6,620.0 1,081.0 166.0 915.0 3,051.0 1,255.0 3,472.0 15,480.0

sed on monthly data.
independent rounding, individual product detail may not add to total.
iources Section of this publication.

EIA WEEKLY DATA: SURVEY DESIGN AND ESTIMATION METHODS

The Weekly Petroleum Reporting System (WPRS) comprises six surveys: the "Weekly Refinery Report" (EIA-800); the "Weekly Bulk Terminal Report" (EIA-801); the "Weekly Product Pipeline Report" (EIA-802); the "Weekly Crude Oil Stocks Report" (EIA-803); the "Weekly Imports Report" (EIA-804); and the "Weekly Shipments from Puerto Rico to the United States Report" (EIA-805). The EIA weekly reporting system, as part of the Petroleum Supply Reporting System, was designed to collect data similar to those collected monthly. In the WPRS, selected petroleum companies report weekly data to EIA on crude oil and petroleum product stocks, refinery inputs and production, and crude oil and petroleum product imports. On the Forms EIA-800 through EIA-803, companies report data on a custody basis. On the Form EIA-804 and EIA-805, the importer of record reports each shipment entering the United States. Current weekly data and the most recent monthly data are used to estimate the published weekly totals.

Sample Frame

The sample of companies that report weekly in the WPRS was selected from the universe of companies that report monthly. All sampled companies report data only for facilities in the 50 States and the District of Columbia. The EIA-800 sample frame includes all petroleum refineries in the United States and its territories, industrial facilities that have crude oil distillation capacity and produce some refined petroleum products, and bulk terminals that blend motor gasoline. The EIA-801 sample frame includes all bulk terminal facilities in the United States and its territories that have total bulk storage capacity of 50,000 barrels or more, or that receive petroleum products by tanker, barge, or pipeline. The EIA-802 sample frame includes all petroleum product pipeline companies in the United States and its territories that transport refined petroleum products, including interstate, intrastate, and intracompany pipeline movements. Pipeline companies that transport only natural gas liquids are not included in the EIA-802 frame. Only those pipeline companies which transport products covered in the weekly survey are included. The EIA-803 sample frame consists of all companies which carry or store crude oil of 1,000 barrels or more. Included are gathering and trunk pipeline companies (including interstate, intrastate and intracompany pipelines), crude oil producers, terminal operators, storers of crude oil, and companies transporting Alaskan crude oil by water. The EIA-804 sample frame includes all importers of record of crude oil and petroleum products into the United States. The EIA-805 sample frame includes all importers of petroleum products into the United States from Puerto Rico.

Samp1ing

The sampling procedure used for the weekly system is the cut-off method. In the cut-off method, companies are ranked from largest to smallest on the basis of the quantities reported during some previous period. Companies are chosen for the sample beginning with the largest and adding companies until the total sample covers about 90 percent of the total for each item and each geographic region for which weekly data are published. The EIA-805 is a census of all shippers of petroleum products from Puerto Rico.

	Refiners (Refineries)	Bulk Terminals	Product Pipelines	Crude Oil Stock Holders	Importers	Shippers From PR	
Weekly Form	EIA-800	EIA-801	E1A-802	E1A-803	EIA-804	E1A-805	
Monthly Frame Size	152(256)	318	89	181	1208	3	
Weekly Sample Size	60(154)	79	48	86	70	3	

Collection Methods

Data are collected by mail, mailgram, telephone, Telex, and Telefax on a weekly basis. All canvassed firms must file by 5:00 p.m. on the Monday following the close of the report week, 7 a.m. Friday. During the processing week, company corrections of the prior week's data are also entered.

Estimation and Imputation

After the company reports have been checked and entered into the weekly data base, explicit imputation is done for companies which have not yet responded. The imputed values are exponentially smoothed means of recent weekly reported values for this specific company. The imputed values are treated like reported values in the estimation procedure, which calculates ratio estimates of the weekly totals. First, the current week's data for a given product reported by companies in a geographic region are summed. (Call this weekly sum, W_s). Next, the most recent month's data for the product reported by those same companies are summed. (Call this monthly sum, M_s). Finally, let M_t be the sum of most recent month's data for the product as reported by all companies. Then, the current week's ratio estimate for that product for all companies, W_t, is given by:

$$W_t = \frac{M_t}{M_s} \cdot W_s$$

This procedure is used directly to estimate total weekly inputs to refineries and production. To estimate stocks of finished products, the preceding procedure is followed separately for refineries, bulk terminals, and pipelines. Total estimates are formed by summing over establishment types. Shipments from Puerto Rico are considered imports for estimation purposes.

Weekly imports data are highly variable on a company-by-company basis or a week-by-week basis. Therefore, an exponentially smoothed ratio has been developed. The estimate of total weekly imports is the product of the smoothed ratio and the sum of the weekly reported values and imputed values. Imports of other oils include an adjustment from Census data for unlicensed products because of coverage differences between the monthly imports data and Census data.

Response Rates

The response rate as of the day after the filing deadline is about 80 percent for the EIA-800; 75 percent for the EIA-801; 95 percent for the EIA-802; 80 percent for the EIA-803; greater than 95 percent for the EIA-804 and 100 percent for the EIA-805. However, more forms are received the next day, bringing the final response rates up. Late respondents are contacted by telephone. Nearly all of the major companies report on time. The nonresponse rate for the published estimates is usually between 2 percent and 5 percent.

Appendix B

INTERPRETATION AND DERIVATION OF AVERAGE INVENTORY LEVELS

The national inventory (stocks) graphs for total petroleum products, crude oil, motor gasoline, distillate fuel oil, and residual fuel oil in this publication include features to assist in comparing current inventory levels with past inventory levels and with judgements of critical levels. Methods used in developing the average inventory levels and minimum operating levels are described below.

Average Inventory Levels

The charts displaying inventory levels of crude oil and petroleum products (p.7), crude oil (p.7), motor gasoline (p.9), distillate fuel oil (p.11), and residual fuel oil (p.13) provide the reader with actual inventory data compared to an "average range" from the most recent 3-year period running from January through December or from July through June. The ranges are updated every six months in April and October. The 3-year period is adjusted by dropping the oldest 6 months and including the most recent 6 months. The ranges also reflect seasonal variation determined from a longer time period. The seasonal factors, which determine the shape of the upper and lower curves, are updated annually in October, using the most recent year's final monthly data.

The monthly seasonal factors are estimated by means of a seasonal adjustment technique developed at the Bureau of Census (Census X-11). The seasonal factors are assumed to be stable (i.e., unchanging from year to year) and additive (i.e., the series is deseasonalized by subtracting the seasonal factor for the appropriate month from the reported inventory levels). The intent of deseasonalization is to remove only annual variation from the data. Thus, deseasonalized series would contain the same trends, cyclical components, and irregularities as the original data. The seasonal factors for total petroleum (crude and products), crude oil, distillate fuel oil, and residual fuel oil were derived using monthly data from 1977-1983. In 1977, monthly stock levels of motor gasoline stayed at the same high level for the entire year. Since there was virtually no seasonal behavior in motor gasoline stocks that year, data for 1978-1983 were used in the determination of seasonal patterns for motor gasoline stocks.

After seasonal factors are derived, data from the most recent 3-year period (January-December or July-June) are deseasonalized. The average of the deseasonalized 36-month series determines the midpoint of the deseasonalized average band. The standard deviation of the deseasonalized 36-months is calculated adjusting for extreme data points. The upper curve of the "average range" is defined as the average plus the seasonal factors plus the standard deviation. The lower curve is defined as the average plus the seasonal factors minus the standard deviation. Thus, the width of the "average range" is twice the standard deviation. The values of the upper and lower curves are presented in the table below.

Values of Average Ranges in Inventory Graphs (Millions of Barrels)

				(mi)	10:15 01	Dalle 197	'					
	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
Lower Range												
Total Petroleum Crude Oil Motor Gasoline Distillate Fuel Oil Residual Fuel Oil	1096.9 344.9 243.6 136.5 52.6	1064.8 346.6 246.0 110.0 43.9	1038.7 349.4 240.9 92.6 42.0	1039.8 352.2 226.2 88.0 42.7	1049.5 346.9 218.4 96.6 48.1	1062.3 346.4 215.7 109.7 46.5	1088.7 345.1 216.3 130.6 48.1	1104.8 341.1 213.4 148.4 48.7	1121.1 336.5 216.6 163.1 53.7	1129.8 344.9 211.5 168.7 56.3	1138.4 346.0 218.1 172.4 59.9	1115.0 337.8 227.3 160.5 58.7
	Upper Range											
Total Petroleum Crude Oil Motor Gasoline Distillate Fuel Oil Residual Fuel Oil	1194.8 362.9 264.1 167.7 68.8	1162.7 364.6 266.5 141.2 60.1	1136.6 367.3 261.4 123.8 58.1	1137.7 370.2 246.7 119.2 58.9	1147.4 364.9 239.0 127.8 64.3	1160.2 364.3 236.3 140.9 62.7	1186.7 363.1 236.9 161.8 64.2	1202.7 359.0 234.0 179.7 64.8	1219.1 354.5 237.2 194.3 69.8	1227.7 362.9 232.1 199.9 72.4	1236.3 363.9 238.6 203.7 76.0	1213.0 355.7 247.8 191.8 74.8

Minimum Operating Inventories

The lines labeled "Minimum Operating Inventory" (MOI) on the stocks graphs for crude oil, motor gasoline, distillate fuel oil, and residual fuel oil represent estimates of those inventory levels made by the National Petroleum Council (NPC) and published in November 1983 in "Petroleum Inventories and Storage Capacity -- An Interim Report." The NPC defines the MOI as the inventory level below which operating problems and shortages would begin to appear in a defined distribution system. The NPC report presents the findings of a study which was directed by the NPC's Committee on Petroleum Inventories and Storage Capacity. MOI estimates presented in

the report were developed by consensus through a decision-making process that relied on the judgement of Committee members based on their operating experience, on historical inventory trends, and on the results of an NPC survey of companies that provide primary inventory data to the Energy Information Administration.

The estimated values are: Crude oil -- 285 million barrels; motor gasoline -- 200 million barrels; distillate fuel oil -- 40 million barrels.

The NPC did not develop a minimum operating inventory level for total petroleum stocks. The line labeled "observed minimum" on the "Stocks of Crude Oil and Petroleum Products, U.S. Total" graph is the lowest inventory level observed during the same 3-year base period that was used in the derivation of the average inventory levels shown on the graph.

Appendix C

PROJECTION FROM THE SHORT-TERM ENERGY OUTLOOK, JANUARY 1985

The projections of "high" and "low" total petroleum demand, shown in the WPSR as total product supplied, are from the Office of Energy Markets and End Use, Short-Term Energy Outlook (Outlook), January 1985. The three forecast cases presented in the Outlook for 1985 through mid-1986 are based on different assumptions about the growth of the U.S. economy and the associated price of imported crude oil to U.S. refiners.

In the high economic growth case:

- One year growth in the real Gross National Product (GNP) is projected to be 3.5 percent for 1985 and 4.1 percent for the first six months of 1986.
- U.S. refinery acquisition costs of imported crude oil are assumed to fall to an average of \$25.50 per barrel in 1985 and \$25.00 per barrel in 1986, in current dollars.

In the base case:

- One year growth in the GNP is projected to be 2.5 percent for 1985 and 2.9 percent for the first six months of 1986.
- U.S. refinery acquisition costs of imported crude oil are assumed to fall to an average of \$28.10 per barrel in 1985 and \$28.00 per barrel in 1986, in current dollars.

In the low economic growth case:

- $^{\circ}$ One year GNP growth falls to 1.0 percent in 1985, then rises to 2.6 percent the first six months of 1986.
- U.S. refinery acquisition costs of imported crude oil are assumed to rise to an average of \$29.60 per barrel in 1985 and \$30.50 in the first six months of 1986, in current dollars.

The plots of the low and high product supplied estimates incorporate an additional sensitivity adjustment for changes in weather, and residential sector switching from oil, as estimated in the Short-Term Energy Outlook, Table 13.

For more detailed information on the above (and other components of the forecast), please refer to the published report, Short-Term Energy Outlook, January 1985.

Copies of the report are available from:

National Energy Information Center Room 1F-048, Forrestal Building 1000 Independence Avenue, S.W. Washington, D.C. 20585 Telephone 202-252-8800

Appendix D

CALCULATION OF WORLD OIL PRICES

The weighted average international price of oil, shown in the "Highlights" on page 1 and on page 18, is an average calculated using specific crude oil prices weighted by the estimated crude oil export volume for each oil-producing country. To develop the table shown on page 18, a list of major oil producing/exporting countries was chosen. For each country, the official selling price of one or more representative crude oils was determined by investigating a number of industry publications (i.e., "Oil Buyers' Guide", "Platt's Oilgram Price Report", "Petroleum Intelligence Weekly", and "Europe Oil Prices") and by contacting oil market analysts.

Then, the appropriate crude oil volumes to be used as weighting factors for each country were determined. These volumes are estimates based on a number of sources which provide data on production, consumption, and exports for these countries. Export volumes for a number of smaller producing/exporting countries, not listed in the table, are included in the weighting factors. After the export volumes had been determined, simple mathematical weighted averages were calculated to arrive at the "Total OPEC," "Total Non-OPEC," and "Total World" prices.

The average United States (FOB) import price is derived by the same basic procedure as the world oil price, that is, taking the representative official crude oil price of a specific crude oil from a particular country and weighting this price by a certain volume of crude oil. In this case, the weighting factors are the volumes of crude oil imported into the U.S. from pertinent countries. Import volumes from a number of smaller producing/exporting countries, not listed in the table, are included in the weighting factors.

Both the import and export volumes are preliminary. Due to their origin, these estimates cannot be fully verified. These volumes are updated monthly, or more frequently when changes in oil market conditions make updating appropriate.

- o Barrel. A volumetric unit of measure for crude oil and petroleum products equivalent to 42 U.S. gallons.
- o Cooling Degree-Days. The number of degrees per day the daily average temperature is above 65 degrees F. The daily average temperature is the mean of the maximum and minimum temperature for a 24-hour period.
- o Crude Oil. A mixture of hydrocarbons that existed in liquid phase in underground reservoirs and remains liquid at atmospheric pressure after passing through surface separating facilities. Lease condensate and drips are included but topped crude oil (residual) and other unfinished oils are excluded.
- o Crude Oil Input. The total crude oil put into processing units at refineries.
- o Degree-Day Normals. Simple arithmetic averages of monthly or annual degree-days over a long period of time (usually the 30-year period 1951-1980). These may be simple degree-day normals or population-weighted degree-day normals.
- O Distillate Fuel Oils. Includes No. 1, No. 2, and No. 4 fuel oils, and No. 1, No. 2, and No. 4 diesel fuels. These are light fuel oils used primarily for home heating, as a diesel engine fuel (including railroad engine fuel and fuel for agricultural machinery), and for electric power generation.
- o Gross Inputs. The crude oil, unfinished oils, and natural gas plant liquids put into distillation units.
- o Heating Degree-Days. The number of degrees per day the daily average temperature is below 65 degrees F. The daily average temperature is the mean of the maximum and minimum temperature for a 24-hour period.
- o Imports. Unless otherwise specified in this report, refers to gross imports. Imports of minor products ("other oils") include aviation gasoline, kerosene, unfinished oils, liquefied petroleum gases, plant condensate, petrochemical feedstocks, lube oils, waxes, special naphthas, coke, asphalt, gasoline blending components, and other miscellaneous oils.
- o Jet Fuel. Includes kerosene-type jet fuel and naphtha-type jet fuel. Kerosene-type jet fuel is a kerosene quality product used primarily for commercial turbojet and turboprop aircraft engines. Naphtha-type jet fuel is a fuel in the heavy naphthas range used primarily for military turbojet and turboprop aircraft engines.
- Motor Gasoline. Finished leaded gasoline, finished unleaded gasoline, and blending components in the gasoline range. Production and imports data represent finished leaded gasoline and finished unleaded gasoline. Stocks data consist of the two types of finished gasoline and blending components. Stock change used in the calculation of motor gasoline product supplied is the change in finished motor gasoline stocks. Imports of motor gasoline blending components are contained in other oils imports.
- o Operable Capacity. The maximum amount of input that can be processed by a crude oil distillation unit in a 24-hour period, making allowances for processing limitations due to types and grades of inputs, limitations of downstream facilities, scheduled and unscheduled downtimes, and environmental constraints. Includes any shutdown capacity that could be placed in operation within 90 days.
- o Petroleum Administration for Defense Districts (PADD). Five geographical areas into which the nation was divided by the Petroleum Administration for Defense for purposes of administration. These PADDs include the states listed below:
 - PADD 1: Connecticut, Delaware, District of Columbia, Florida, Georgia, Maine, Maryland, Massachusetts, New Hampshire, New Jersey, New York, North Carolina, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island, South Carolina, Vermont, Virginia, and West Virginia.
 - PADD 2: Illinois, Indiana, Iowa, Kansas, Kentucky, Michigan, Minnesota, Missouri, Nebraska, North Dakota, Ohio, Oklahoma, South Dakota, Tennessee, and Wisconsin.
 - PADD 3: Alabama, Arkansas, Louisiana, Mississippi, New Mexico and Texas.
 - PADD 4: Colorado, Idaho, Montana, Utah, and Wyoming.
 - PADD 5: Alaska, Arizona, California, Hawaii, Nevada, Oregon, and Washington.
- Population-Weighted Degree-Days. Heating or cooling degree-days weighted by the population of the area in which the degree-days are recorded. To compute State population-weighted degree days, each State is divided into from one to nine climatically homogeneous divisions which are assigned weights based on the ratio of the population of the division to the total population of the State. Degree-day readings for each division are multiplied by the corresponding population weight for each division and these products are then summed to arrive at the State population-weighted degree-day figure. To compute national population-weighted degree-days, the Nation is divided into nine Census regions comprised of from three to eight States which are assigned weights based on the ratio of the population of the region to the total population of the Nation. Degree-day readings for each region are multiplied by the corresponding population weight for each region and these products are then summed to arrive at the national population weighted degree-day figure.

- Product Supplied. A value calculated for specific products which is equal to domestic production plus net imports (imports less exports), less the net increase in primary stocks. Fotal products supplied is calculated as inputs to refineries, plus estimated refinery gains, plus other hydrocarbon input, plus product imports, less product exports, less the net increase in product stocks. Values shown for "Other Oils" product supplied are the difference between total product supplied and product supplied values for specified products. Other oils product supplied incorporates crude oil product supplied and reclassified product adjustment.
- Refiner Acquisition Cost of Crude Oil. The average price paid by refiners for crude oil booked into their refineries in accordance with accounting procedures generally accepted and consistently and historically applied by the refiners concerned. Domestic crude oil is that oil produced in the United States or from the outer continental shelf as defined in 43 USC Section 1131. Imported crude oil is any crude oil which is not domestic oil. The composite is the weighted average price of domestic and imported crude oil. Prices do not include the price of crude oil for the SPR.
- Refinery Capacity Utilization. Ratio of the total amount of crude oil, unfinished oils, and natural gas plant liquids run through crude oil distillation units to the operable capacity of these units. In the period 1979-1982 the refinery capacity utilization for all U.S. refineries ranged between 87 percent and 65 percent. The ratio for an individual refinery may fluctuate much more depending on the type of crude and other raw materials processed, the types of products produced, and the operating conditions of the refinery.
- Residual Fuel Oils. Includes No. 5 and No. 6 fuel oils which are heavy oils used primarily for electric power generation, for industrial and commercial space heating, as a ship fuel, and for various industrial uses.
- Retail Motor Casoline Prices. Motor gasoline prices calculated each month by the Bureau of Labor Statistics (BLS) in conjunction with the construction of the Consumer Price Index (CPI). These prices are collected in 85 urban areas selected to represent all urban consumers—about 80 percent of the total U.S. population. The service stations are selected initially, and on a replacement basis, in such a way that they represent the purchasing habits of the CPI population. Service stations in the current sample include those providing all types of service (i.e., full-, mini-, and self-service).
- Stock Change (Refined Products). Component of Product Supplied calculation shown on U.S. Petroleum Balance. The product stock change shown on the U.S. Petroleum Balance Sheet for the current 4-week period is calculated in the following way; an average daily stock change is calculated for major refined products (i.e., all actual reported stocks); this stock change is added to an estimate for minor product stock change based on historical monthly data; a daily average stock change for refined product stocks for the 4-week period is then calculated. To calculate minor product stock change, the stock levels shown for other oils in the stock section of the balance sheet are used. These other oils stock levels are derived by: 1) computing an average daily rate of stock change for each month based on monthly data for the past six years; 2) using this daily rate and the minor stock levels from the most recent monthly publication to estimate the minor product stock level for the current period.
- Stocks. For individual products in the WPSR, quantities held at refineries, in pipelines, and at bulk terminals which have a capacity of 50 thousand barrels or more, and in transit thereto. Stocks held by product retailers and resellers, as well as tertiary stocks held at the point of consumption, are excluded. Stocks of individual products held at gas processing plants are excluded from individual product estimates but included in "Other Oils" estimates and "Total."
- Unaccounted-for Crude Oil. A term which appears in U.S. Petroleum Balance Sheet. It reconciles the difference between data (or estimates) about supply and data (or estimates) about disposition. Its value can be positive or negative since it is a balancing term. As it appears in the monthly publications, it reflects the accuracy of the reported data. Because the unaccounted-for crude oil figure reflects the accuracy of reported and estimated figures, one would expect the figure to be larger in balances using preliminary or estimated data and smaller in balances using final data. In fact, the published figures confirm this expectation. In the WPSR, four-week averages for the previous year are interpolated from final monthly data, so that the unaccounted-for crude oil value for the previous year is considerably smaller than that for the current period.
- O United States. For the purpose of the report, the 50 states and the District of Columbia. Data for the Virgin Islands, Puerto Rico, and other U.S. territories are not included in the U.S. Totals.

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